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# BULK'S NURSERIES

BABYLON LONG ISLAND, N.Y.

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OFFICE BUILDING AND ENTRANCE TO NURSERY

You will find a visit to our Nursery very interesting and worth while. Many acres of highest-quality stock in a wide range of plant varieties are available for your inspection and selection.

A visit when the Ornamental Trees, Shrubs, or Rhododendrons are in bloom is especially interesting and is an excellent time for making selections. Information concerning the various plants and their proper use and care will be cheerfully given.

## LANDSCAPE SERVICE

ET us work with you and help you with your planting problems. Artistic and satisfactory landscape effects are the result of careful planning and the proper use of the right plant material. Our Landscape Department is maintained as part of our service to our customers, so that you may realize the utmost pleasure and satisfaction in the use of our materials.

The ability and experience of Bulk's Nurseries are reflected in the landscaping of many fine home-grounds, estates, and public plantings throughout Long Island and suburban New York. "PLANTED BY BULK'S NURSERIES" is synonymous with first-class workmanship, tasteful arrangement, and lasting satisfaction.

We will gladly draw sketches and plans to fit your particular needs, whether it be for a complete treatment of the entire grounds, a foundation planting, a special planting of any kind, or a revamping of an established planting. This service, in most cases, is rendered free of cost, except where elaborate plans, specifications, and special trips are necessary, in which case a small fee will be charged, which will be credited to our customer's account when order is placed.

Phone Babylon 444, or drop us a card and our representative will be glad to call on you to make suggestions and offer advice, without obligation to you. Our service extends throughout entire Long Island and the Metropolitan area.

Appointments at your home, any day including Sunday, will be gladly made and kept.

#### NURSERY SALES SERVICE

Prompt and efficient service is available for those who wish to call and select plants to take home with them. Our Nursery is open on Sundays during planting season, and experienced nurserymen will assist you in making selections, and show you around.

#### HONEST VALUE

for every dollar invested in our products is the policy of Bulk's Nurseries, and we are proud to live up to this reputation. Our prices are as reasonable as is consistent with the highest grade of materials, and we invite you to make comparisons with any stock of similar quality.

Our nursery stock is the finest that skill and good culture can produce, and our plants have an abundance of fine fibrous roots which are so essential for continued healthy growth.

## WELCOME-WORLD'S FAIR VISITORS

After viewing the wonderful planting exhibits at the World's Fair, we urge you to drive out and see the many acres of high-quality Long-Island-grown nursery stock which has contributed so much in making the World's Fair plantings so outstanding.

Let us help you crystallize some of the many fine ideas revealed into practical home-ground plantings.

BULK'S NURSERIES . Babylon, Long Island, N. Y.

ANY YEARS of patient, painstaking care and cultivation are necessary for the production of good nursery stock, and here at Bulk's Nurseries we take pride in the fine reputation our stock has earned. The quality of the product is no higher than the integrity of the producer, and we assure you there is a vast difference between the results obtained with well-grown, freshly dug plant material and the bargain-priced nursery stock sometimes offered.

When you purchase plants from Bulk's, you are assured of this inner value and may anticipate years of lasting

satisfaction.

## Planting Seasons

Evergreens may be planted from the time the frost leaves the ground until the latter part of June, though early planting is much preferred. Some varieties can be moved satisfactorily during the summer months. August, September, and October are excellent months.

Plant shrubs, trees, and fruit trees from the latter part of March until June, and from the middle of October until the ground freezes. Pot-grown Roses can be moved the entire summer and continue to bloom.

#### **GUARANTEE**

Because all our stock is freshly dug and reaches the customer in fine, healthy condition, and because of the utmost care and skill used in growing our plants, we agree to replace any plants sold, at the prices published in this book, that may die within one year from date of delivery from other causes than abuse or neglect, but we make the following reservations:

The account must be paid within 30 days from date of invoice. The customer pays the cost of delivery and planting of the

replaced plants.

In the event we shall not have in stock, at the time for replacement, plants like those originally supplied, we are to apply the amount of credit representing the cost of the original plants toward the purchase of other plants that the customer may at the time select and which we can supply.

We guarantee our stock to be true to name and will replace any that proves otherwise, or refund purchase price.

The air-view below indicates to some extent the size of our nurseries. It is here that Bulk's quality stock is carefully grown for you.

## GENERAL DIRECTIONS FOR ORDERING AND OUR TERMS

Always give address and desired time of delivery; otherwise we forward by the most economical route. Practically all our deliveries will be made by our trucks. Our free-delivery radius, on orders amounting to \$10 or more, extends 30 miles from our Nursery. This enables distant customers to get the benefit of local prices. During planting season, loads are combined for each locality at least twice a week. Beyond this 30-mile limit, a small charge will be made for delivery to cover cost, unless otherwise arranged at time of sale.

The cost of planting, if we do it, is borne by the purchaser. Our charge merely covers the cost of labor, fertilizer, etc.

A section of our Propagating Department







# ORNAMENTAL and SHADE TREES

IN ADDITION to the trees which are valued for their shade, there are flowering trees which, at different times during the spring and summer, shower the lawn with their bloom. Do not forget that while shade trees add materially to the property value and landscape charm of your home, the initial cost is very small as compared with the enjoyment that you receive. The average shade tree is a long investment and returns your money manifold throughout the years of its usefulness.

The abbreviation "cal." means the caliper or diameter of the tree 6 inches above the ground.

### ACER · The Maples

ACER • The Maples
Acer dasycarpum. Silver Maple. Foliage light green, silvery
underneath. One of the fastest-growing shade trees. Each
12 to 16 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 -in. cal
12 to 16 ft., 3 to 3½-in. cal. 7 50
12 to 16 ft., 3½ to 4 -in. cal
12 to 16 ft., 4 to 5 -in. cal
12 to 16 ft., 5 to 6 -in. cal
12 to 16 ft., 6 to 7 -in. cal
A. dasycarpum wieri. Wier's Cutleaf Maple. A graceful,
drooping, cut-leaved form of Maple. Very ornamental
as a lawn tree.
12 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½-in. cal
12 to 16 ft., 2½ to 3 -in. cal
12 to 16 ft., 3 to 4 -in. cal
A. ginnala. Amur Maple. A graceful shrub, or small tree,
to garden The fall with the street ships, or small tree,
up to 20 feet. The foliage is bright green and the autumn
coloring is very brilliant. The flowers are fragrant.
Each Each
5 to 6 ft\$2 50   8 to 10 ft\$6 00



Japanese Cherry. See page 7



Pink-flowering Dogwood. See page 6

Acer platanoides. Norway Maple. A splendid variety for
street and lawn planting because of its large, rounding,
spreading head and broad, dark green foliage. Very hardy.
One of the best street trees.
8 to 10 ft., 1½ to 1½-in. cal\$2 75
10 to 12 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $1\frac{3}{4}$ -in. cal
10 to 12 ft., 1 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> to 2 -in. cal
12 to 14 ft., $2^{-1}$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ -in. cal
12 to 14 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 -in. cal
14 to 16 ft., 3 to 3½-in. cal 9 00
14 to 16 ft., $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 -in. cal
14 to 16 ft., 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ -in. cal
14 to 16 ft., $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 -in. cal
14 to 16 ft., 5 to 6 -in. cal
14 to 16 ft., 6 to 7 -in. cal
14 to 16 ft., 7 to 8 -in. cal
A. platanoides schwedleri. Schwedler Maple. A variety
of Norway Maple which has red leaves in early summer,
changing to a purplish tint.
12 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½-in. cal\$7 00
12 to 14 ft., 2½ to 3 -in. cal
A. rubrum. Red Maple. Dense foliage and beautiful fall
coloring make this a popular variety. Succeeds in wet
situations where no other Maple will live. Each
12 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½-in. cal\$8 00
12 to 14 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 -in. cal
14 to 16 ft., 3 to 4 -in. cal

#### IAPANESE MAPLES

JAI ANDOD MAI DDO
Acer palmatum (polymorphum). Japanese Maple. Dense, graceful habit, with foliage that assumes the most striking colors. Suitable for specimens and for color effect in mixed plantings.  Each 4 to 5 ft.  \$5 00   6 to 8 ft.  \$10 00 5 to 6 ft.  7 00   8 to 10 ft.  15 00
A. palmatum dissectum. Thread-leaf Maple. A graceful,
slow-growing tree with lacy and attractive green foliage.
A. palmatum dissectum atropurpureum. Red Thread-
leaf Maple. A red-leaved form of the above.
Prices of above two varieties: Each Each
2 to 3 ft\$5 00   5 to 6 ft \$35 00
3 to 4 ft
4 to 5 ft
A. palmatum atropurpureum. Blood-leaf Japanese Maple.
Blood-red leaves in the spring, which later change to dark
purple. Most effective when planted with evergreens; also
very showy as a lawn specimen.
Each Each
2101011
2 to 2½ ft\$3 50   4 to 5 ft\$10 00
2½ to 3 ft 4 50 5 to 6 ft 16 00
3 to 4 ft 6 50 6 to 7 ft 22 00

### THE DOGWOODS ARE AMERICA'S FINEST FLOWERING TREES

AMYGDALUS	CERCIS · The Red-Bud
Amygdalus persica rubra. Double-flowering Peach. A very decorative tree with attractive, double red blossoms appearing before the leaves. Each 4 to 5 ft. \$2 00   6 to 7 ft. \$5 00 5 to 6 ft. 3 00	Cercis canadensis. American Red-bud. An abundance of a most unusual shade of reddish flowers covers the tree in April before the large, heart-shaped leaves appear. Very effective combined with dogwood.  Each  Sto 4 ft
BETULA · The Birches	4 to 5 ft
Betula alba. European White Birch. A tall, graceful tree of moderately quick growth, with spray-like branches and silvery bark. It makes a valuable specimen tree for the lawn and is excellent for group planting.  6 to 8 ft.  82 00 8 to 10 ft.  3 50	FAGUS • The Beeches  Fagus sylvatica riversi. Rivers Beech. A medium-sized tree of pyramidal form, with bright purple foliage. Com-
8 to 10 ft., 1½ to 2 -in. cal. 4 50 10 to 12 ft., 2 to 2½-in. eal. 7 00 10 to 14 ft., 2½ to 3 -in. eal. 10 00  B. alba laciniata. Cut-leaf Weeping Birch. Leaves deeply	pact, symmetrical growth and a valuable lawn specimen.  Each 6 to 8 ft\$13 00   10 to 12 ft\$20 00 8 to 10 ft\$10 00
serrated, produced on drooping branches. White bark.  Very graceful. Each  8 to 10 ft \$4 00   12 to 14 ft \$8 00  10 to 12 ft 6 00	F. sylvatica. European Beech. A form of the above with bright green foliage. Each 6 to 8 ft\$9 00   8 to 10 ft\$12 00
CATALPA	GINKGO
Catalpa bignonioides nana. Umbrella Tree. Small tree with rounded head and small leaves on a straight stem.	Ginkgo biloba. Maidenbair Tree. An unusual-looking tree of upright growth with fan-shaped leaves. Resists insects.
Most valuable for formal effects and usually planted in pairs.  Each 4 to 6-ft. stems, 4-year head	Each   Each   Each   Each   & 6 to 8 ft
C. speciosa. Western Catalpa. Quiek-growing tree with	HALESIA
somewhat eoarse leaves. Most useful for planting near the shore. Flowers are white, spotted with brown. Each 10 to 12 ft., 2½ to 3 -in. eal	Halesia tetraptera. Great Silverbell. An attractive, bushygrowing tree with sprays of white flowers in spring.  Each  Each
12 to 14 ft., 4 to 5 -in. eal	4 to 5 ft\$1 00   6 to 8 ft\$2 50 5 to 6 ft
CRATÆGUS · The Hawthorns	LARIX · The Larch
Cratægus cordata. Washington Hawthorn. A very desirable small tree of compact growth. Will thrive in any soil. Bears white flowers in June followed by rich scarlet berries in the fall.	Larix europæa. European Larch. A tree full of character, rapid-growing, with fresh, light green foliage, but particularly charming in early spring.
C. oxyacantha splendens. Paul's Scarlet Hawthorn. A mass of double, rich, deep erimson flowers. Luxuriant foliage. Excellent specimen tree.	Each Each 10 to 14 ft\$8 00   14 to 16 ft\$14 00
C. oxyacantha rosea plena. Double Pink-flowering Haw-thorn. Resembles the above, with pale pink blossoms.	LIQUIDAMBAR . The Sweet Gum
Prices of above three varieties: Each       Each         4 to 5 ft\$3 50   6 to 8 ft\$6 00         5 to 6 ft4 50   8 to 10 ft	Liquidambar styraciflua. Sweet Gum. A symmetrically shaped tree with star-shaped leaves and beautiful fall coloring.  Each 3 to 4 ft\$1 75   5 to 6 ft\$3 50
CORNUS · The Dogwoods	4 to 5 ft 2 50   6 to 7 ft 4 50
	·
Cornus florida. White-flowering Dogwood. Of regular habit, with spreading, open top. Showy white flowers cover the	MALUS · The Flowering Crabs
with spreading, open top. Showy white flowers cover the tree in May before the leaves appear and in autumn the green leaves turn dark red.	MALUS · The Flowering Crabs  Malus arnoldiana. A beautiful variety with semi-double pink flowers.
with spreading, open top. Showy white flowers cover the tree in May before the leaves appear and in autumn the green leaves turn dark red.  Each 3 to 4 ft. \$2 00   8 to 10 ft. \$10 00 4 to 5 ft. \$3 00   10 to 12 ft. \$15 00 5 to 6 ft. \$4 00   12 to 14 ft. \$20 00	<ul> <li>Malus arnoldiana. A beautiful variety with semi-double pink flowers.</li> <li>M. atrosanguinea. Brilliant carmine.</li> <li>M. eleyi. Eley Crab. This variety has purple foliage and bright purple flowers.</li> </ul>
with spreading, open top. Showy white flowers cover the tree in May before the leaves appear and in autumn the green leaves turn dark red.  Each  Sto 4 ft. S2 00   8 to 10 ft. S10 00 4 to 5 ft. S10 00 10 to 12 ft. S10 00 5 to 6 ft. 4 00 12 to 14 ft. 20 00 6 to 8 ft. 6 50 12 to 14 ft. S10 00 6 to 8 ft. S10 00 12 to 14 ft. S10 00 12 to 14 ft. S10 00 6 to 8 ft. S10 00 12 to 14 ft. S10 00 6 to 8 ft. S10 00 12 to 14 ft. S10 00 12 to 14 ft. S10 00 6 to 8 ft. S10 00 12 to 14 ft. S10 00 6 to 8 ft. S10 00 12 to 14 ft. S10 00 6 to 8 ft. S10 00 12 to 14 ft. S10 00 6 to 8 ft. S10 00 12 to 14 ft. S10 00 6 to 8 ft. S10 00 12 to 14 ft. S10 00 12 to 14 ft. S10 00 6 to 8 ft. S10 00 12 to 14 ft. S10 00 6 to 8 ft. S10 00 12 to 14 ft. S10 00 6 to 8 ft. S10 00 12 to 14 ft. S10 00 6 to 8 ft. S10 00 12 to 14 ft. S10 0	<ul> <li>Malus arnoldiana. A beautiful variety with semi-double pink flowers.</li> <li>M. atrosanguinea. Brilliant carmine.</li> <li>M. eleyi. Eley Crab. This variety has purple foliage and bright purple flowers.</li> <li>M. ioensis plena. Bechtel Crab. One of the most beautiful of the Flowering Crabs, producing large, double, fragrant pink flowers resembling miniature roses. Makes a compact, upright specimen.</li> </ul>
with spreading, open top. Showy white flowers cover the tree in May before the leaves appear and in autumn the green leaves turn dark red.  Each  Sto 4 ft. S2 00   8 to 10 ft. S10 00 4 to 5 ft. S0 00 10 to 12 ft. S10 00 5 to 6 ft. S0 12 to 14 ft. S0 00 6 to 8 ft.	<ul> <li>Malus arnoldiana. A beautiful variety with semi-double pink flowers.</li> <li>M. atrosanguinea. Brilliant carmine.</li> <li>M. eleyi. Eley Crab. This variety has purple foliage and bright purple flowers.</li> <li>M. ioensis plena. Bechtel Crab. One of the most beautiful of the Flowering Crabs, producing large, double, fragrant pink flowers resembling miniature roses. Makes a compact, upright specimen.</li> <li>M. niedzwetzkyana. Masses of deep pink flowers.</li> </ul>
with spreading, open top. Showy white flowers cover the tree in May before the leaves appear and in autumn the green leaves turn dark red.  Each  Sto 4 ft. S2 00   8 to 10 ft. S10 00 4 to 5 ft. S0 00 10 to 12 ft. S5 00 5 to 6 ft. S5 00 12 to 14 ft. S0 00 6 to 8 ft. S5 00 12 to 14 ft. S0 00 6 to 8 ft. S6 50 12 to 14 ft. S0 00 6 to 8 ft. S6 50 12 to 14 ft. S6 50 12 to 14 ft. S7 00 00 6 to 8 ft. S6 50 12 to 14 ft. S7 00 00 6 to 8 ft. S6 50 12 to 14 ft. S7 00 00 6 to 8 ft. S7 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	<ul> <li>Malus arnoldiana. A beautiful variety with semi-double pink flowers.</li> <li>M. atrosanguinea. Brilliant carmine.</li> <li>M. eleyi. Eley Crab. This variety has purple foliage and bright purple flowers.</li> <li>M. ioensis plena. Bechtel Crab. One of the most beautiful of the Flowering Crabs, producing large, double, fragrant pink flowers resembling miniature roses. Makes a compact, upright specimen.</li> </ul>

#### FLOWERING TREES FURNISH BOTH SHADE AND BEAUTY

#### MAGNOLIA · The Magnolias

#### Magnolia soulangeana. Saucer Magnolia. A sturdy tree of moderate size, covered in April with large white flowers, tinged purple on the outside, before the leaves appear. A very handsome and ornamental flowering tree.

- M. soulangeana alba superba. Large Saucer Magnolia. This is a small-tree type with pure white flowers borne in great profusion.
- M. soulangeana alexandrina. Alexander Magnolia. Flowers similar to Soulangeana, but appearing about 10 days

Prices of above three varieties: Each	Each	
2 to 3 ft\$3 00	5 to 6 ft\$9 0	0
3 to 4 ft 4 00		
4 to 5 ft 6 00	7 to 8 ft	0

M. soulangeana nigra. Purple Saucer Magnolia. A variety of Soulangeana with dark purple flowers. Blooms in late May, making it the latest blooming Magnolia.

	Lach	Each
2 to 3 ft	\$4 00   4 to 5 ft	\$10 00
3 to 4 ft	6 00   5 to 6 ft	15 00

M. stellata. Star Magnolia. This is a slow-growing variety and becomes wide-spreading in time. The pure white, starlike flowers open before the leaves, sometimes in March, and have a very delicate fragrance.

Ea	ıch	Eac	h
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft\$3	$00 \mid 3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	\$9	00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\bar{3}$ ft	00   4 to 5 ft	14	00
3 to 3½ ft 7	00 [		

#### MORUS · The Mulberry

Morus alba pendula. Weeping Mulberry. One of the best small weeping lawn trees, forming a perfect, umbrellashaped head of light green foliage. Fruit reddish purple. Very thrifty and hardy. 4 to 6-ft. stem, 4 to 6-yr. head . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$4 to \$6 00

#### NYSSA · The Pepperidge

Nyssa sylvatica. Sour-Gum; Pepperidge Tree. A very fine ornamental tree with good foliage which has brilliant autumnal tints. Will grow in wet places. Each 6 to 8 ft....\$6 to \$10 00 5 to 6 ft....\$4 to \$6 00 | 8 to 10 ft....\$8 to 12 00

#### PLATANUS · The Sycamore Platanus orientalis. Oriental Plane Tree; Sycamore. An

excellent street tree with broad, round head on a comparatively short trunk. A rapid grower, strong and symmetrical; best planted in spring. 8 to 10 ft.,  $1\frac{1}{4}$  to  $1\frac{1}{2}$ -in. cal.....\$2 50 10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 1½-in. cal. 3 50
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 1¾-in. cal. 5 00
10 to 12 ft., 1¾ to 2 -in. cal. 5 00
12 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½-in. cal. 7 00
12 to 14 ft., 4 to 5 -in. cal. 30 00
12 to 14 ft., 5 to 6 -in. cal. 45 00

#### POPULUS

Populus nigra italica. Lombardy Poplar. An upright, extremely rapid-growing tree, tall, slender, pencil-shaped. Excellent for either landscape accent or screen purposes. The leaves are pale green, lighter beneath.

	1	Each		Each
8 to 1	0 ft	\$1 50   13	2 to 14 ft	\$3 50
10 to 1	2 ft	2 50 1	4 to 18 ft\$!	5 to 10 00

#### PRUNUS

The Flowering Plums and Cherries

Prunus cerasifera pissardi, Newport. Improved Purpleleaf Plum. A handsome small tree with deeper color than the original Purple-leaf Plum. The foliage retains its rich color all season. Very showy pink flowers in spring.

	Each	Each
5 to 6 ft	\$3 00 $+ 6$ to 8 ft	

#### JAPANESE FLOWERING CHERRIES

These are the famous Flowering Cherries of Japan, famous here because of the wonderful collection which attracts so many visitors to Potomac Park, Washington, D. C. The trees are covered with a profusion of beautiful red, pink, or rose blossoms. They flower early and make wonderful specimens.

Prunus, Amanogawa. Semi-double; pink flowers.

P., Hisakura. Double; pale pink.

P., Kanzan. Reddish pink.

P., Mt. Fuji. Large, double, snow-white flowers.

P., Yoshino. Single white flowers; red buds.

P. veitchi. Double; rose.

	Each	Each
4 to 5 ft	\$2 50   8 to 10 ft	\$12 00
5 to 6 ft	4 00   10 to 12 ft	18 00
6 to 8 ft	7 00   12 to 14 ft	25 00

- P. subhirtella pendula. Japanese Weeping Pink-flowering Cherry. Splendid as a lawn specimen. Each 5 to 6-ft. stcms, 6 to 8-yr. heads. \$12 to \$15 00
- P. subhirtella rosea plena pendula. Japanese Weeping Double Pink-flowering Cherry. Brilliant display of double pink blooms.

1			Εa	
5 to 6-ft. stems, 1 to 2-yr. heads	\$3	to	\$4	00
5 to 6-ft. stems, 3 to 4-yr. heads	.\$4	to	5	00
5 to 6-ft. stems, 4 to 5-yr. heads	.\$6	to	-8	00
5 to 6-ft. stems, 5 to 7-yr. heads	512	10	15	00

### Trees and Shrubs for Wet or Marshy Situations

#### DECIDUOUS TREES.

Acer rubrum (Red Maple). Betula alba (White Birch). Liquidambar (Sweet Gum).

Nyssa sylvatica (Sour-Gum).

Salix babylonica (Weeping Willow).

Ulmus americana (American Elm).

#### SHRUBS.

Aronia arbutifolia (Red Chokeberry).

Azalea viscosa (Swamp Azalea).

Clethra alnifolia (Summersweet).

Cornus sanguinea (blood-twig Dogwood).

Ilex verticillata (Winterberry).

Viburnum opulus (European Cranberry Bush).

#### SHADE TREES INCREASE THE VALUE OF A HOME



Flowering Crab. See page 6

#### QUERCUS · The Oaks

Quercus palustris. Pin Oak. A very beautiful tree, with graceful, drooping branches. Bright green foliage with
sharp points, which turns deep red in fall.  Each
8 to 10 ft., 1½ to 2 -in. cal
10 to 12 ft., 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ -in. cal
10 to 12 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 -in. cal
12 to 14 ft., 3 to 3½-in. cal
14 to 16 ft., 3½ to 4 -in. cal
14 to 16 ft., 4 to 5 -in. cal
Q. rubra. American Red Oak. A handsome tree with stately
aspect. Ideal for lawn or street planting. Foliage turns
and in authoris
red in autumn.
red in autumn. Each 8 to 10 ft
red in autumn.       Each         8 to 10 ft.       \$5 00         10 to 12 ft., 1¾ to 2 -in. cal.       7 00
red in autumn.  8 to 10 ft.  10 to 12 ft., 13/4 to 2 -in. cal.  10 to 12 ft., 2 to 2½-in. cal.  10 to 12 ft., 2 to 2½-in. cal.
red in autumn.       Each         8 to 10 ft.       \$5 00         10 to 12 ft., 1¾ to 2 -in. cal.       7 00

#### SORBUS · The Mountain-Ash

Sorbus aucuparia. European Mountain-Asb. A well-shaped tree, valuable for the small lawn. The great clusters of scarlet berries, produced in abundance from July to winter, make it very attractive.

8 to 10 ft.

\$3 50
10 to 12 ft., 13/4 to 2 -in. cal
10 to 12 ft., 2 to 21/2-in. cal

Weeping Form, 7 to 8 yr.

\$3 50

#### SALIX · The Willows

Salix babylonica. Babylon Weeping Willow. Probably the best-known Willow. It has very drooping, long, slender branches of olive-green, and will grow in any good soil, but prefers moist situations.

S. blanda. Wisconsin Weeping Willow. A very hardy variety of Weeping Willow with long, drooping branches.

1 0	0,	1 0	
Prices of above two varieties:			Each
6 to 8 ft	\$2 50	12 to 14 ft	\$8 00
8 to 10 ft	4 00	14 to 16 ft	10 00
10 to 12 ft	6 00		

S. vitellina britzensis. Bronze Golden Willow. A bushy, small tree with very attractive golden bark in winter.

Each 12 to 14 ft.......\$3 50 | 14 to 16 ft......\$4 50

#### TILIA · The Lindens

Tilia americana. American Linden. This rapid-growing tree, which has broad leaves, forms a shapely specimen. Vcry attractive and makes an excellent shade tree as well.

			Eacn
10 to 12 ft., 2	to $2\frac{1}{2}$	in. cal	 \$5 00
10 to 12 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$			
12 to 14 ft., 3			
12 to 14 ft., 4			
12 to 14 ft., 5	to 6 -	in. cal	 .22 00

**T. vulgaris.** European Linden. A fine, large pyramidal tree with good foliage and fragrant seed-blossoms in spring.

T. cordata. Littleleaf European Linden. Small, dark green leaves and low, compact head. A fine lawn tree. Fragrant in June.

Prices of above two varieties:	. Each	
8 to 10 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ~in. cal	\$5 00	
10 to 12 ft., 2 to 2½-in. cal		
12 to 14 ft., 2½ to 3 -in. cal		
12 to 14 ft., 3 to 3½-in. cal		
12 to 14 ft., 3½ to 4 -in. cal		
12 to 14 ft., 4 to 5 -in, cal.		

### ULMUS . The Elms

Ulmus americana. American Elm. The most beautiful of the Elms, stately and dignified. Of spreading habit, with drooping branches. A fine tree for either street or lawn, but requires plenty of growing space.

**U. moline.** *Moline Elm.* New variety of very strong growth and large, attractive foliage. Vase shaped. An unusually desirable tree.

 Prices of above two varieties:
 12 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½-in. cal.
 \$6 00

 12 to 14 ft., 2½ to 3 -in. cal.
 7 50

 12 to 14 ft., 3 to 3½-in. cal.
 10 00

 14 to 16 ft., 3½ to 4 -in. cal.
 14 00

 16 to 18 ft., 4 to 5 -in. cal.
 20 00

A Safe Investment. Planting is one of the few investments which do not depreciate. It always brings increased returns in actual value and satisfaction. Shade trees, ornamental trees, and flowering shrubs create value that increases the worth of a property at least 20%. The return is immediate and it increases every year.

# Flowering Shrubs

HETHER planted individually or collectively, shrubs are an important feature in the adornment of any grounds. In groups they can be made to emphasize some feature of the lawn, to screen the garage, the laundry-yard, or some unsightly view. Among borders of the lawn, along walks and drives and in corners, collections of shrubs may be gathered that will give a succession of bloom from early spring until fall. In the list that follows will be found shrubs for all such purposes.

#### **AMELANCHIER**

Amelanchier canadensis.				
in early spring before the	leaves,	and in Jun	e sweet	berries
very much relished by bir	ds.			

	Each	Each
5 to 6 ft	\$2 00   6 to 8 ft	\$3 50

#### **AMYGDALUS**

Amygdalus communis. Double Pink-flowering Almond. Produces very double, pink flowers in great abundance in May. A most charming early-flowering shrub.

A. communis alba. Double-flowering Almond. Same as above, with white flowers.

Prices of above two varieties: Each

Each

## ARONIA

Aronia arbutifolia. Red Chokeberry. A dense shrub with elusters of white flowers in May followed by red berries persisting until late fall. Brilliant foliage tints in autumn.

1 0		O	
	Each		Each
2 to 3 ft	\$0 75	3 to 4 ft	\$1 00

#### **AZALEAS**

#### For Evergreen Azaleas, see page 15

Azalea calendulacea. Flame Azalea. A brilliant flowering shrub, with great elusters of yellow and orange-red flowers produced in May and June before the leaves appear. Vigorous grower and remarkably showy. Prefers moisture.

			Each			Each
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to	2 ft		\$2 00	3 to	4 ft	\$4 00
2 to	3 ft		3 00	4 to	5 ft	5 00
. kaen	npferi	$T_{\epsilon}$	orch Azalea. A	hand	dsome, tall-	growing va-
riety,	with l	bloss	oms that vary	fron	bright rec	I to salmon-
pink i	n Ma	y. (	One of the sho	owiest	shrubs in	eultivation.
-			Each			Each
4.0	4 🗁		49.4 77.0	0 1 /	2 0	D

12 to 15 in.....\$1 50 | 2½ to 3 ft.....\$3 75 15 to 18 in......2 00 | 3 to 4 ft.....5 00 1½ to 2 ft.....2 50 | 4 to 5 ft.......7 00 2 to 2½ ft.....3 00 | 5 to 6 ft......10 00 **A. kaempferi Hybrids.** New varieties of the Toreh Azalea

with lovely colors, making charming combinations.

Aida. Clear pink.

Fedora. Salmon-rose.

Norma. Deep pink.

	Otnello.	Orange-rea.	
Prices of above varieties:			Each
12 to 15 in	\$2 00	1½ to 2 ft	\$3 50
15 to 18 in			



An Attractive Combination of Hybrid Lilacs, Deutzia and Iris. See pages 11-14

## DON'T OVERLOOK THE BEAUTIFUL BUDDLEIA, CHARMING

Azalea mollis. Chinese Azalea. Of dwarf, bushy habit, with	CALLICARPA
large, showy clusters of flowers in shades of lemon, orange, and red appearing in May and June. Hardy. Excellent in	Callicarpa purpurea. Chinese Beautyberry. Clusters of lilac-
mass plantings and individual specimens in large rock-	violet berries cover this plant in the fall. Unusually attrac-
gardens. Each Each	tive in the garden. Each 2 to 3 ft\$0 65   3 to 4 ft\$0 85
gardens. Each 12 to 15 in. \$2 00   1½ to 2 ft. \$3 00 15 to 18 in. 2 50   2 to ½ ft. 4 00	
A. mucronulatum. Mongolian Azalea. A rare variety of	CALYCANTHUS
Chinese Azalea with pinkish lavender flowers. Blooms with	Calycanthus floridus. Old-fashioned Strawberry Shrub.
forsythia. Can be used in shrub border. A very beautiful	Old-fashioned shrub with chocolate-colored blossoms. The leaves, when crushed, have fragrance.
1 to 1½ ft\$2 00   2½ to 3 ft\$4 00	Each
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 2 50 3 to 4 ft 5 50	2 to 3 ft
Azalea. Each Each  1 to 1½ ft. \$2 00   2½ to 3 ft. \$4 00  1½ to 2 ft. 2 50   3 to 4 ft. 5 50  2 to 2½ ft. 3 00    A. nudiflora. Pinxterbloom. An attractive shrub with an	3 to 4 ft
abundance of pink flowers in April and May. It does well	CARAGANA
in moist places. Each 2 to 2½ ft \$3 00   2½ to 3 ft \$4 00	Caragana arborescens. Siberian Pea-tree. A tall-growing
2 to 2½ ft \$3 00   2½ to 3 ft \$4 00	
A. vaseyi. Pinksbell Azalea. A tall-growing type, bearing clear light pink flowers in April and May. Foliage turns	shrub with bright yellow flowers in June.  Each 2 to 3 ft
deep crimson in fall. Each Each	3 to 4 ft
deep crimson in fall. Each 2 to 2½ ft \$3 50   2½ to 3 ft \$4 50	
A. viscosa. Swamp Azalea. Vigorous shrub, with an abundance of fragrant, white flowers in June. While it is partial	CLETHRA
to moist places, it will do well in the shrub border and in	Clethra alnifolia. Summersweet. A slow-growing shrub with
	spikes of white, fragrant flowers from July to September. Valuable for moist, shady places.
partial shade. Each 2 to 3 ft	
3 to 4 ft. 3 50 6 to 7 ft. 7 00 4 to 5 ft. 4 50 7 to 8 ft. 9 00	Each 2 to 3 ft \$0 75   4 to 5 ft \$1 50 3 to 4 ft 1 00   5 to 6 ft 2 00
For Evergreen Azaleas, see page 15	3 to 4 ft
BERBERIS · Barberry	CORNUS
Berberis mentorensis. Mentor Barberry. Plant Patent	Cornus mas. Cornelian Cherry. Before the forsythia blooms,
No. 99. A new, outstanding variety of Barberry. Upright	this shrub is a mass of bright yellow. Attractive berries in
in growth; rich dark green foliage which is practically ever- green. Excellent for hedges; requires virtually no pruning;	2 to 3 ft\$1 00   4 to 5 ft\$1 75
is never bare-legged. Each 10 *15 to 18 in	Iate summer.       Each       Each         2 to 3 ft.       \$1 00   4 to 5 ft.       \$1 75         3 to 4 ft.       1 25
*15 to 18 in	<b>C. sanguinea.</b> Blood-twig Dogwood. This variety has purplish
* 1½ to 2 ft	red branches and greenish white flowers, followed by black fruit. In contrast with other shrubs it produces pleasing
B. thunbergi. Japanese Barberry. The well-known hedge-	effects. Each Each
plant, with rich green foliage in summer and in the autumn very brilliantly colored, with scarlet berries. Useful also	effects. Each 2 to 3 ft \$0 50   4 to 5 ft \$0 85 3 to 4 ft 65   5 to 6 ft 1 25
for mass planting. Each 10 100	C. stolonifera flaviramea. Golden-twig Dogwood. The
1 to 1½ ft	branches are yellow, making a marked contrast with the
2 to 2 1/2 ft	red-barked sort mentioned above. Very attractive in winter.
4 to 5 ft	<b>C. paniculata.</b> Gray Dogwood. White flowers in June and July, white berries in September, relished by birds.
5 to 6 ft	Prices of above two varieties: Each Each
Barberry. Foliage of rich, bronzy red all summer, changing	2 to 3 ft \$0 60   4 to 5 ft \$1 00 3 to 4 ft 75   5 to 6 ft 1 50
to a vivid orange in the fall. Beyond ordinary soil and	3 to 41th 75   5 to 01th 1 50
unobstructed sun, no special care is necessary. Adds a cheerful note to any planting.	COTONEASTER
	Cotoneaster horizontalis. Rock Cotoneaster. This shrub
1 to 1½ ft. \$0 30   2½ to 3 ft. \$1 00 1½ to 2 ft. 50   3 to 4 ft. 1 50 2 to 2½ ft. 75   4 to 5 ft. 2 00	has small, box-like leaves and brilliant red berries. The
2 to 2½ ft	horizontal, prostrate branches form flat sprays with branch- lets arranged in fishbone fashion. Ideal for the rock-garden
	or border. Each Each
BUDDLEIA	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Buddleia alternifolia. Chinese Butterfly Bush. (New.) Splendid, new variety with arching branches covered with	C. divaricata. Spreading Cotoneaster. An attractive, spread-
beautiful lilac-purple flowers in clusters from July to	ing shrub with glossy dark green leaves and bright red
October. Each Each 3 to 4 ft\$1 00   4 to 5 ft\$1 50	Derries in Iall. Each Each 1½ to 2 ft \$1.00   2½ to 3 ft \$2.00
B., Charming. (New.) One of the most outstanding new	berries in fall. Each Each 1½ to 2 ft. \$1 00   2½ to 3 ft. \$2 00 2 to 2½ ft. 1 50   3 to 4 ft. 2 75
plants. Great profusion of attractive lavender-pink blooms	
throughout summer and early autumn.	CYDONIA
<b>B., Ile de France.</b> (New.) Greatly superior to old varietics. Huge spikes of brilliant, fragrant, rosy violet-purple flowers.	Cydonia japonica rubra grandiflora. Japanese Quince. Large, deep crimson and orange-red blossoms, produced in
Prices of above two varieties: Each Each	great masses as the leaves come out. Glossy foliage.
Prices of above two varieties: Each 2-yr. \$0.75   4-yr. \$1.50 3-yr. 1.00	Each 1½ to 2 ft\$0 50   2 to 2½ ft\$0 75
Deduct 10 per cent of unit price for	

## A GORDONIA WILL ADD DISTINCTION TO THE GARDEN

A GORDONIA WILL ADD DI	STINCTION TO THE GARDEN
DAPHNE	FORSYTHIA
Daphne mezereum. Flowering Daphne. An interesting shrub with lilae-purple, fragrant flowers in early spring.  Each  1½ to 2 ft\$1 50   2 to 2½ ft\$2 00	Forsythia intermedia. Border Golden Bell. An upright- growing shrub and a profuse bloomer. In April, before any leaves appear, the stems are simply smothered in a mass of golden yellow flowers. The shrub, when full grown, has slightly eurved, graceful branehes.
DEUTZIA	F. suspensa fortunei. Fortune Golden Bell. The arching
Deutzia gracilis. Slender Deutzia. A profusion of small white flowers completely covers this dwarf shrub, especially valuable for border or foundation planting.	branches of this upright-growing shrub are eovered with a profusion of rich yellow flowers and later on by broad, deep green foliage.  F. viridissima. Green-stem Golden Bell. More bushy in habit
Each 1½ to 2 ft\$1 00   2 to 2½ ft\$1 50  D. gracilis rosea. Slender Rose Deutzia. A form of the above	than the other varieties. Rieh green foliage. Not quite as profuse in blooming as the other sorts and a little later.
with pink flowers. <b>D. lemoinei.</b> Lemoine Deutzia. A dwarf form up to 4 feet with	Useful for prolonging the Forsythia season.  F. spectabilis. Showy Border Golden Bell. Most profuse blooming of all the Forsythias. Flowers are large and rich
snowy white flowers in late May and early June.  Prices of above two varieties: Each  15 to 18 in \$0.60   2 to 24 oft \$1.00	golden yellow.  F. suspensa. Weeping Forsythia. A weeping form with slender, pendulous branches and of golden yellow blooms.
15 to 18 in\$0 60   2 to 2½ ft\$1 00 1½ to 2 ft	Prices of above varieties: Each 2 to 3 ft
white flowers tinged with pink in June.  Each 2 to 3 ft\$0 50   5 to 6 ft\$1 25	3 to 4 ft
3 to 4 ft. 65 6 to 7 ft. 2 00 4 to 5 ft. 85 7 to 8 ft. 3 00	HAMAMELIS Hamamelis mollis. Chinese Witchhazel. Considered to be
ELSHOLTZIA	the best of the family. Larger flowers with broad petals; golden yellow with reddish base. Blooms in February.  Each  Each
Elsholtzia stauntoni. An attractive shrub with sweet- seented spikes of lilac-purple flowers in late summer and fall.	2 to 3 ft\$2 00   3 to 4 ft\$2 50 <b>H. virginiana.</b> Witchbazel. The latest shrub to bloom.
3-yr. plants\$0 75   4-yr. plants\$1 00	After foliage has fallen, bright yellow flowers appear in great profusion. Each 2 to 3 ft\$0.75   4 to 5 ft\$1.50
ENKIANTHUS	3 to 4 ft
Enkianthus campanulatus. Redvein Enkianthus. A plant resembling azalea in growth, with pink, bell-shaped flowers like andromeda in May, and beautiful foliage tints in fall.	HIBISCUS  Hibiscus syriacus. Rose of Sharon. Tall-growing shrubs producing in profusion large, handsome, double flowers in
Each 1½ to 2 ft. \$1 50   3 to 4 ft. \$4 00 2 to 2½ ft. 2 00   4 to 5 ft. 6 00 2½ to 3 ft. 2 50	shades of pink, white, violet, and red in late summer.  Celestis. Single; sky-blue.  Rubis. Single; red.  Jeanne d'Arc. Double; white.  Prices of above three varieties: Fach
EUONYMUS	2 to 3 ft\$0 60   4 to 5 ft\$1 50 3 to 4 ft90
<b>Euonymus alatus.</b> Winged Euonymus. An unusual shrub of dwarf, compact habit, with yellowish flowers, followed	HYDRANGEA
by red berries in autumn. The foliage is a brilliant red in the fall. Branches are winged, with a peculiar corky bark.  E. yedoensis. Yeddo Euonymus. Large shrub producing a profusion of colorful pink and orange berries. Leaves bright	Hydrangea arborescens grandiflora. Hills of Snow. The large clusters of pure snow-white flowers average 4 to 5 inches in diameter and appear in July and August. Suitable for either sunny or shady positions.
red in the fall. The showiest of all the bush Euonymus.  Prices of above two varieties: Each $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$0 60   3 to 4 ft\$1 50  2 to 3 ft	Each 3 to 4 ft\$1 00   4 to 5 ft\$1 50  H. paniculata grandiflora. Peegee Hydrangea. An ex-
EXOCHORDA	tremely well-known variety, bearing large, conical-shaped trusses of white blooms in late summer and early fall, changing to pink and red as the season advances.
<b>Exochorda grandiflora.</b> Pearlbush. A graeeful shrub with slender, arching branches and elusters of large, pure white	Each 2 to 3 ft\$0 50   4 to 5 ft\$1 00 3 to 4 ft
flowers in May. Each 2 to 3 ft	ILEX
	Ilex verticillata. Winterberry. An attractive, upright shrub with bright red berries persisting to midwinter. Berries are
GORDONIA (Franklinia)  Gordonia alatamaha. A very rare large shrub or small	particularly appropriate for the Christmas season.  Each 2 to 3 ft\$0 75   4 to 5 ft\$1 50
tree found in 1790, but since lost and only recently rediscovered. Produces large white flowers in autumn and has handsome glossy foliage. Should be in every plant-	3 to 4 ft 1 00   <b>KERRIA</b>
lover's garden. Each 4 to 5 ft\$5 00   6 to 7 ft\$12 00	Kerria japonica flore-pleno. Double Japanese Kerria. Of
5 to 6 ft	erect habit, slender, green-branehed. The long, clean stems bear very double flowers which have the appearance of little balls of gold. A constant bloomer from June to
Deduct 10 per cent of unit price for 10 or more of one variety in one size	September. Each 1½ to 2 ft \$0.60   2 to 3 ft \$1.00



#### KOLKWITZIA

Kolkwitzia amabilis. Beauty Bush. (New.) A handsome, new shrub from China. Makes long, graceful sprays of foliage and is completely covered with delicate pink flowers in June. This is one of E. H. Wilson's introductions and he considered this one of his most important discoveries. It is slow to become established.

Each		Each
3 to 4 ft\$1 00	4 to 5 ft	.\$1 50

#### LIGUSTRUM · The Privets

Ligustrum ibota. *Ibota Privet*. A compact-growing shrub with good foliage and black berries in autumn. Useful for hedges. 10 100 10 100 2 to 3 ft....\$2 50 \$20 00 | 4 to 5 ft....\$5 00 \$40 00 3 to 4 ft.... 4 00 30 00

L. ibota regelianum. Regel's Privet. Has a dense, spreading habit with horizontal, arching branches. Attractive black berries in fall and winter. Makes an attractive informal hedge.

Each
1½ to 2 ft.
50 40 3 to 4 ft.
50 75

L. ovalifolium. California Privet. The most popular hedgeplant. Lends itself well to shearing and does exceptionally well on Long Island. 10 100 1½ to 2 ft. \$0 60 \$5 00 2 to 3 ft., 2 yrs. 1 00 8 00 3 to 4 ft., 2 yrs. 1 50 12 00 3 to 4 ft., 3 yrs., heavy. 2 00 15 00

#### LONICERA · The Bush Honeysuckle

Lonicera fragrantissima. Winter Honeysuckle. A beautiful, semi-evergreen shrub, with fragrant flowers in April and May. It is a strong-growing shrub and reaches a height of about 8 feet.

L. morrowi. Morrow Honeysuckle. Yellowish white flowers in May and June, followed by bright red berries in summer. The plant has wide-spreading branches and dark green foliage, grayish beneath. It is a splendid shrub.

Lonicera tatarica grandiflora. Bride Honeysuckle. Flowers in a range of pink shades from light to dark. Red berries.

	Each		Each
3 to 4 ft	\$0.60	5 to 6 ft	\$1 25
4 to 5 ft	85		

L. tatarica rosea. Rosy Tatarian Honeysuckle. A profusion of bright rose-pink flowers in June, with orange-scarlet berries in late summer and fall.

	Each		Each
2 to 3 ft	\$0 75	$5 \mid 3 \text{ to } 4 \text{ ft.} \dots$	\$1 00

#### LESPEDEZA

Lespedeza formosa. Purple Bush Clover. Producing long, drooping racemes of pea-shaped rosy purple flowers in September when showy flowering shrubs are extremely searce.

Each
2-yr. \$0.75 | 3-yr. \$1.00

#### MYRICA · Bayberry

Myrica caroliniensis. Northern Bayberry. A low, spreading shrub with fragrant foliage and gray waxy berries. Thrives in sandy soils and along the seashore.

	Ea	ach		Each
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$	ft\$1	00 + 4  to	5 ft	\$2 50
			6 ft	
	ft 1			

#### PHILADELPHUS · Mock Orange

Philadelphus, Avalanche. Mock Orange. Very handsome shrub, with slender, drooping branches, covered almost the entire length with showy white, fragrant flowers in June.

entire length with showy white, fragrant flowers in June. P., Virginal. Virginal Mock Orange. A handsome, erect shrub, blooming nearly all summer; large double white flowers; very fragrant.

Prices of above two varieties: Each		Eacn
2 to 3 ft\$0 50	4 to 5 ft	\$1 00
3 to 4 ft	5 to 6 ft	1 25
P. grandiflorus. Big Scentless	Mock Orange.	This vigorous
variety grows very rapidly,	bearing large,	white, showy
flowers in June. Each		Each
2 to 3 ft\$0 50	5 to 6 ft	
3 to 4 ft	6 to 7 ft	1 75
4 to 5 ft	7 to 8 ft	2 50

#### BOTH SYMPHORICARPOS HAVE LOVELY ORNAMENTAL BERRIES

#### **PHOTINIA**

Photinia villosa.	Chinese	Christmas	Berry.	A	beau	tiful
shrub with a pro						
berries in autumr	ı and wii	nter. Rich	foliage	colo	r in	fall.
	Eacl	ı			E	ach
3 to 4 ft.	\$0.7	5   5 to 6	ft		\$1	75

	Editi	J., (1 l. 1 l
3 to 4 ft	\$0 75   5 to 6 ft	\$1 75
4 to 5 ft.	1 25	



Viburnum (Japanese Snowball.) See page 14

#### **PHYSOCARPUS**

Physocarpus opulifolius (Spiræa opulifolia). Ninebark. A strong-growing shrub and a splendid plant for shady places. White flowers are produced along the stems, from which the bark hangs in long shreds and stripes.

Each		Each
3 to 4 ft\$0 60	5 to 6 ft	\$1 25
4 to 5 ft		

#### PRUNUS . The Beach Plum

Prunus maritima. Beach Plum. A native shrub with white flowers and purple, edible fruit. Splendid for sandy soil or near scashore. Each 3 to 4 ft. \$0.90 \| 5 to 6 ft. \$2.00 4 to 5 ft. 125 \| 6 to 7 ft. 3 00

#### RHODOTYPOS

Rhodotypos kerrioides. Jetbead. A bushy shrub with fresh green foliage and white flowers in May and June, followed by jet-black berries all winter. Will grow in shade.

Ea	ich	Each
1½ to 2 ft\$0	50 3 to 4 ft	.\$0.85
2 to 3 ft	60	

#### STEPHANANDRA

**Stephanandra flexuosa.** Cutleaf Stephanandra. Drooping branches covered with deeply cut light green foliage. White flowers. A very graceful shrub.

DOWCIN IL VC	Ty Stacetar sirrais.	
	Each	Each
2 to 3 ft.	\$0.60 3 to 4 ft.	\$0.85

#### **SYMPHORICARPOS**

Symphoricarpos racemosus. Snowberry. A fine, bushy shrub with decorative leaves, flourishing in partial shade. White, waxy berries produced in abundance in the fall.

S. vulgaris. Coral Berry. More compact than above variety. Clusters of red berries through the winter. For massing on hillsides, partial shade and hedges.

Prices of above two varieties: E	ach	Each
1½ to 2 ft\$0	30   3 to 4 ft.	 S0 60
2 to 3 ft	45	

#### SPIRÆA

S. thunbergi. Thunberg Spirea. Attaining a height of not over 5 feet, this shrub is of particularly graceful habit. Bears an abundance of small white flowers in April and May, and in autumn the long, narrow foliage turns to orange and scarlet. Each

2 to 3 ft

\$0.60 = 3 to 4 ft

\$0.85

2 to 3 ft. \$0.60 3 to 4 ft. \$0.85 **S. trichocarpa.** Korean Spirea. (New.) A spreading, arching shrub bearing clusters of snowy flowers, resembling the Vanhouttei, but larger and broader, and blooming later.

**S. vanhouttei.** Bridal Wreath. In May the gracefully arching branches are covered with masses of beautiful, small, white flowers. Bluish green foliage when out of flower.

Prices of above two varieties: E	ach		Each
2 to 3 ft\$0	50	4 to 5 ft	\$1 00
3 to 4 ft	75	5 to 6 ft	1 50



Tamarix hispida rubra. See page 14

### PLANT HYBRID LILACS FOR BEAUTY AND FRAGRANCE

#### SYRINGA · The Lilacs

Syringa	persica.	Persian	Lilac.	A grad	eeful sh	rub with
	branehes.					, Iavender
flowers	in broad p	oanieles i	n May	and Jun	e	

S. villosa. Late Lilac. The last Lilac to bloom. Fragrant pink flowers and bright green foliage.

S. vulgaris. Common Lilac. A strong, vigorous, upright shrub with rich dark green foliage and large clusters of fragrant purple flowers in May. Most desirable for a flowering hedge or large masses. Each Each 2 to 3 ft. \$0 60 | 4 to 5 ft. \$1 25 3 to 4 ft. \$85 | 5 to 6 ft. \$2 50 \$5. vulgaris alba. Common White Lilac. White flowers a week

**S. vulgaris alba.** Common White Lilac. White flowers a week earlier than those of any other variety. Desirable also for a flowering hedge or a bold elump.

Each 2 to 3 ft............\$0 75 | 3 to 4 ft.............\$1 00

#### NAMED HYBRID LILACS

Much larger flowers than the Common Lilac.

Charles X. Reddish purple; single. Claude Bernard. Semi-double; mauve. Jan van Tol. Single; large; pure white. Jean Bart. Double; reddish purple.

Leon Gambetta. Double; lilac-rose. Early.

Mme. Lemoine. Double; white.

Mrs. Edward Harding. Large; double; red. President Poincare. Violet; double. Souv. de Louis Spaeth. Single; dark purple.

 Vestale. White; single. Each
 Each

 1½ to 2 ft.
 \$1 00 | 3 to 4 ft.
 \$2 00

 2 to 3 ft.
 1 50 | 4 to 5 ft.
 3 00

Standard Form. 6 to 8 ft., \$5 to \$7.50 each.

#### **TAMARIX**

Tamarix africana. African Tamarix. An ornamental shrub of graceful appearance. Panicles of pink flowers in April and May and striking feathery foliage.

Eac	ch	Each
2 to 3 ft\$0	50   5 to 6 ft	.\$1 00
3 to 4 ft	65   6 to 8 ft	. 1 50
4 to 5 ft	75	

#### Attractive Berry-bearing Shrubs

Brighten up the fall and winter landscape and attract the birds with the following desirable shrubs:

Aronia arbutifolia (Chokeberry). Red berries.

Callicarpa (Beautyberry). Lilac-violet berries.

Cornus paniculata (Gray Dogwood). White berries.

Cotoneaster divaricata. Bright red berries.

Euonymus yedoensis (Yeddo Euonymus). Pink-orange berries.

Ilex verticillata (Winterberry). Red berries.

Lonicera tatarica (Honeysuckle). Red berries. Myrica (Northern Bayberry). Waxy gray berries.

Photinia villosa (Christmas Berry). Red berries.

Rhodotypos (Jetbead). Black berries.

Symphoricarpos (Snowberry). White berries.

Symphoricarpos (Coral Berry). Coral berries.

Vaccinium corymbosum. (Highbush Blueberry) Blue berries.

Viburnum dentatum (Arrow-wood). Blue berries.

Viburnum dilatatum (Japanese Bush Cranberry). Scarlet berrics.

Viburnum lantana (Wayfaring Tree). Red-black berrics.

Viburnum opulus (European Cranberry Bush). Rcd berries.

#### VITEX

Vitex macrophylla.	Chaste-tree.	An attr	active	shrub	with
Lavender-blue flowers					

Each	Εa	ıch
2-yr. plants \$0.75   4-yr. plants	. \$1	50

#### **VACCINIUM**

Vaccinium corymbosum.	Highbush	Blueberry.	A native
species with edible blue-bl	lack berries.	. Interestin	g autumn
effect and red twigs in win			

						-0-	E	ach						Ea	ch
2	to	3	ft.		 		 \$1	00	5 to 6	ft.,	spee.	\$3	to	\$5	00
3	to	4	ft.	 	 		1	50	6 to 7	ft.,	spee.	\$5	to	8	00
4	to	5	ft.				2	00			-				

#### VIBURNUM · The Snowballs

Viburnum c	arlesi. F	ragrant	Viburnum.	. A very	desirable
new shrub	of compac	et, semi-	dwarf hab	it, bearii	ng delight-
fully fragra	nt clusters	of blus	h-pink, wa	exy flowe	rs in May.

1411) 1148		F	
	Each		Each
15 to 18 in	\$0 75	$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots$	\$2 00
$1\frac{1}{9}$ to 2 ft			

V. dilatatum. Japanese Bush Cranberry. A rare Japanese species with cream-colored flowers in June, followed by scarlet berries in autumn and through the winter.

Each		Eac	h
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$0 75	3 to 4 ft	.\$1 5	50
2 to 3 ft 1 00			

V. dentatum. Arrow-wood. Large shrub with white flower clusters in May and attractive blue berries in fall.

V. lantana. Wayfaring Tree. Of robust growth, with large foliage that is silvery underneath. White flowers in May and June, followed by red fruit which turns black in autumn. Does well in shade.

V. opulus. European Cranberry Bush. One of the best shrubs for general planting. Panicles of white flowers in May and June, followed by large, cranberry-like fruit. Fine for winter color and for attracting birds. Does well in shade.

Prices of above three varieties: Ea	ch		Ea	ch
2 to 3 ft\$0	50	5 to 6 ft	. \$1	50
3 to 4 ft	75	6 to 7 ft	. 2	50
4 to 5 ft	00			

V. tomentosum plicatum. Japanese Snowball. A very handsome shrub with showy white flowers in June and beautiful dark green foliage. Blooms a little later than the Common Snowball. Each Each 2 to 3 ft.......\$0.75 | 3 to 4 ft......\$1.00

#### WEIGELA

Weigela, Eva Rathke. Red-flowering Weigela. Dwarf in habit, with dark crimson flowers. A most profuse bloomer, and possibly the most showy of all the Weigelas.

Ea	ch	Each
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$0	50   3 to 4 ft	\$1 00
2 to 3 ft		

W. floribunda. Crimson Weigela. A well-known and popular leafy shrub with an abundance of tubular, brilliant crimson flowers.

W. rosea. Pink Weigela. A vigorous grower and very free flowering. Large, deep rose blooms in May.

Prices of above two varieties: Each		Each
2 to 3 ft\$0 50	4 to 5 ft	\$0 85
3 to 4 ft	5 to 6 ft	1 25

W. hybrida nana variegata. Dwarf Variegated Weigela. Another dwarf variety of compact growth. Variegated leaves and light pink blooms.

Each	Ea	ch
2 to 3 ft\$0 60	4 to 5 ft\$1	00
3 to 4 ft 75	5 to 6 ft	00

# Broad-leaf Evergreens

ITH few exceptions, no grounds, either small or extensive, should be without some representative of this rich and interesting group of plants. They endure shade, and their rich blossom and foliage effect makes them almost indispensable. Certain varieties of this class, such as Rhododendrons, Azaleas, and Laurel, ordinarily grow more satisfactorily and show to better advantage when planted in rather heavy masses. A deep, cool, moist subsoil, with proper drainage, is ideal. As a rule, they dislike lime, or limestone soil, and success will be more certain on such soils if they are planted in woods earth or mulched with peat moss. Oak leaves are ideal for covering the ground beneath them.

AZALEA
For Deciduous Azaleas, see pages 9 and 10
Azalea amœna. Japanese Azalea. Purple-red blooms produced in a solid mass during April and May. The lustrous leaves take on a rich bronze in the fall, making this a most attractive plant. It is a vigorous grower. Does well in shady locations.  Each  Each
10 to 12 in
of growth. Deep reddish pink flowers in great profusion. Rich evergreen foliage.
15 to 18 in \$3 00   2 to 2½ ft \$6 00 1½ to 2 ft 4 00   2½ to 3 ft 8 00
A., Hinamoyo. Japanese Azalea. Very much like the Hinodegiri in habit, the flowers being a beautiful shade of soft pink, produced in great profusion in May.  Each  Each
12 to 15 in.
A. hinodegiri. Japanese Azalea. Bright carmine-pink flowers in profusion in April and May. Evergreen foliage, larger than Amæna. Each
10 to 12 in\$1 25   15 to 18 in\$2 75 12 to 15 in 2 00   1½ to 2 ft 3 75
A. ledifolia alba. Japanese Azalea. Large, pure white, single flowers. Evergreen foliage. Profuse bloomer.
Each 12 to 15 in\$1 75   15 to 18 in\$2 75  A. macrantha. Japanese Azalea. Large, salmon-red flowers.
A compact, flat, quick-growing variety. Very hardy.  Each  Each
12 to 15 in\$2 00   1½ to 2 ft\$4 50 15 to 18 in\$3 00   2 to 2½ ft6 50
A., Yayegiri. Japanese Azalea. One of the most showy Azaleas. Produces an abundance of beautiful semi-double flowers of a salmon-red color. Deep green foliage.  Each Each
12 to 15 in \$2 00   2 to 2½ ft \$5 50 15 to 18 in 2 50   2½ to 3 ft 10 00 1½ to 2 ft 3 50   3 to 3½ ft 15 00
A. yodogawa. Yodogawa Azalea. Very hardy and vigorous. Double, pinkish lavender flowers in May. Semi-evergreen.
3 to 4 ft\$7 00   4 to 5 ft\$10 00

#### **ABELIA**

Abelia grandiflora.	lossy Abelia.	Bright, shi	ny foliage and
a mass of light pink	blossoms from	m July until	frost. Dwarf
in habit, making it	most useful	for adding	color to the
foreground.	Each		Each
12 to 18 in	\$0.75   11	6 to 2 ft.	\$1.00

#### BERBERIS

Berberis julianæ.	Wintergreen	Barberry.	A hardy, erect
plant of compact	growth, witl	rich, gloss	y green foliage
throughout the w	inter. It ha	rmonizes we	Il with rhodo-
dendrons, kalmias,	, and such oth	ner evergreen	shrubs.

Each		Each
12 to 18 in\$1 25	$  2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	\$3 50
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	3 to 4 ft	5 00
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 2 50$	4 to 5 ft	7 00
B. wilsonæ subcaulialata.	Chinese Barberry. A	A semi-
evergreen type of Barberry w	ith graceful, arching b	ranches
and dense foliage. Each		Each
1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\frac{1}{2}\frac{21}{2}$ to 3 ft	.\$2 50
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	3 to 4 ft	3 75
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 2 00$		

#### BOXWOOD · Buxus

Buxus sempervirens.	Common	Boxwood.	Α	slow-growing
bush, always compact,	, ex <b>c</b> ellent	for hedges	or	formal speci-
mens. Foliage is a rich	n glossy g	reen.		

11101101 1 0	mage to a field	grossy gre	CII.	
Bush For	m. I	Each		Each
				\$1 50
12 to 1	5 in	1 00   18	3 to 24 in	2 50
				d dwarf plant,
		ses in th	e formal g	arden and for
		100		100
6 to 8 in.	\$3	0 00   10	) to 12 in	\$60 00

#### CALLUNA

8 to 10 in..... 40 00

Calluna vulgaris rosea. Heather. Low, bushy shrub with spikes of pink flowers in late summer. Excellent for rockgarden or for covering banks.

Each 2-yr.....\$0 75 | 3-yr.....\$1 00 to \$1 50

COTONEASTER HORIZONTALIS. See page 10

#### DAPHNE

Daphne cneorum. Rose Daphne. A dwarf evergreen shrub with green leaves on almost prostrate stems, which produces a profusion of fragrant, rosy pink flowers in April and May. It is extremely pretty in rock-gardens.

Each	Each
9 to 12 in\$1 00   13	½ to 2 ft \$2 75
12 to 15 in 1 50   2	
15 to 18 in 2 00   25	$\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ ft 5 00

Broad-leaf Evergreens are right at home under Long Island soil conditions. We urge you to make use of them in foundation plantings. They are slow growing and rich in color and texture, and with a mulching of decayed leaves or peat moss they will do well. Let us bely you in making up beautiful combinations and

#### GROW YOUR OWN CHRISTMAS BERRIES. PLANT HOLLY

#### **EUONYMUS**

Euonymus japonicus aureus. Gold-leaf Burning-bush. An upright, bushy shrub with lustrous green leaves, variegated with yellow. Attains a height of 4 to 5 feet.

2 to 21½ ft	51 - 50 + 21	⊸á to 3 ft.	\$2.50
L. radicans.		_	

E. radicans. Japanese Evergreen Creeper. A low, trailing shrub, excellent as a ground-cover. Leaves are small, dull green above with whitish veins.

E. radicans vegetus. Broad-leaf Evergreen Bittersweet. A trailing evergreen shrub with round leaves. Produces a profusion of orange-searlet berries in the fall. Makes a splendid ground-cover.

	T <sup>*</sup>	. 1
Prices of above two varieties:	E	Lach
Medium plants		50
Strong plants		75
Extra-strong plants	<b></b> 1	00

#### ILEX

**llex crenata.** Japanese Holly. Dense, compact evergreen bush that can be shaped like boxwood. Deep green, box-like foliage. Rapid grower.

Each		Εa	ch
1 to $1^{1}_{2}$ ft\$1 00	3 to 4 ft	. \$5	00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to $\tilde{2}$ ft	4 to 5 ft	. 7	00
2 to 2½ ft			
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\bar{3}$ ft			

1. glabra. Inkberry. A bushy, upright-growing, very hardy shrub. Has dark, oval foliage, small flowers and an abundance of glossy black fruit in the fall. Useful for shady and moist locations. Each Each 1½ to 2 ft. \$1.75 | 3 to 4 ft. \$4.50 2 to 2½ ft. 2 25 | 4 to 5 ft. 6 00 2½ to 3 ft. 3 25 | 5 to 6 ft. 7 50

Ilex opaca. American Holly. Slow-growing tree with short, spreading branches. Leaves are large, shiny, and thorny. This is the red-berried Holly that is in such popular demand during the Christmas season.

	Each		Eac	ch
2 to 3 ft	\$3 00 1	6 to 7 ft	\$15	00
3 to 4 ft	4 50	7 to 8 ft	20	00
		8 to 9 ft		
	10 00			

#### KALMIA · Mountain Laurel

Kalmia latifolia. Mountain Laurel. A vigorous evergreen shrub, with long, clustered leaves of rich, glossy green. Very hardy and will thrive in sunlight or partial shade. In early summer the large, showy clusters of rose-white flowers present a charmingly gay effect. Particularly fine in mass plantings or may be grouped with other evergreens.

Each		Ea	ıch
1 to 1½ ft\$1 00	$  2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	. \$3	50
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to $\tilde{2}$ ft 1 50			
2 to 2½ ft	4 to 5 ft	. 7	00

#### LEUCOTHOE

Leucothoe catesbæi. Drooping Leucothoe. Valuable for shady spots. The fine white blossoms are borne in long, drooping fragrant racemes. In late fall the leaves assume a purplish red tint which is retained throughout winter.

	Each		Each
12 to 15 in	\$1 00   1	$\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	. \$1 75
15 to 18 in			

#### MAHONIA

Mahonia aquifolium. Oregon Holly-Grape. Glossy green, holly-like leaves and yellow flowers in May and June. Prefers shady situations.

Eac	**		ich -
$-1 \text{ to } 1\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots \$1 $	$00 + 2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	. \$3	50
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft			
2 to 2½ ft			



#### PACHYSANDRA

Pachysandra terminalis.

Japanese Spurge. Lowgrowing plant which makes
a splendid evergreen
ground-cover in shady
places where grass will not
grow. Effective when used
as an edging plant for
larger evergreens.

Field-grown. 10 100 Medium . \$1 50 \$12 00 Strong . . . 2 00 15 00

#### PYRACANTHA

Pyracantha coccinea lalandi. Laland Fire Thorn. A beautiful specimen plant of slender, upright habit. Has small, dark green leaves and the small white flowers are followed by bright orange berries in late summer. Genuine Lalandi strain. Each

 1½ to 2 ft.
 \$2 25

 2 to 3 ft.
 3 00

 3 to 4 ft.
 4 00

 4 to 5 ft.
 5 00

#### PACHYSANDRA AND VINCA WILL GROW UNDER THE TREES



Ilex opaca (American Holly). See page 16

#### PIERIS · The Andromeda

Pieris japonica. Japanese Andromeda. A small shrub with glossy green foliage and racemes of lily-of-the-valley-like flowers. For the rockery.

valley-like nowers.	for the rockery.	Each
12 to 15 in		.\$1 50
$1^{1}$ <sup>2</sup> to 2 ft		. 2 50
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.}$		. 3 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft		. 5 00
3 to 315 ft		. 7 00



Hybrid Rhododendron, Mrs. C. S. Sargent

#### RHODODENDRON

Rhododendron carolinianum. Carolina Rhododendron. A very early-blooming variety, small and compact. Has handsome, dark green leaves and in May and June produces a profusion of soft rose-pink blooms. An interesting variety.

Each	Each
1½ to 2 ft \$2 50	$3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.}$
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft 3 25	$3^{1}_{2}$ to 4 ft
$2^{1}$ to 3 ft	4 to 5 ft

R. catawbiense. Catawba Rhododendron. A native variety, the parent of most of our best hybrids. Will grow in any soil that is free from lime; very hardy and free flowering, the large, round clusters of deep rosy purple appearing in May and June.

Each

Each

Titty title built	Each		mach
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	\$3 00	3 to 4 ft	\$7 00
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.}$	4 00	4 to 5 ft	9 00
$2^{1}$ 6 to $\overline{3}$ ft	5 ()()		

R. maximum. Great Bay Rhododendron. The acme of perfection in size and hardiness. Flat masses of white to light pink blooms appear in June. The foliage is heavy, thick,

and smooth.			Each
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	.\$2 50	4 to 5 ft.	 \$7.00
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.}$	. 3 ()()	5 to 6 ft.	 .10 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\bar{3}$ ft	. 4 00	6 to 8 ft	 . 15 (10)
3 to 1 ft	5 ()()		

R. Hybrids. Choice varieties having immense blooms in a wide range of colors, Dr. H. C. Dresselhuys. Aniline-red. Mrs. C. S. Sargent. Deep pink, yellow eye. Roseum Elegans. Clear rose-pink.

15 to 18 in	\$3	00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	3	50
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} 2 \text{ ft.} \dots$	4	50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	7	()()
3 to 4 ft	10	()()
4 to 5 ft	18	()()



Azalea, Hinamoyo. See page 15

#### **VINCA**

Vinca minor. Periwinkle, Myrtle. A splendid evergreen ground-cover with small blue flowers.

10 100 Strong plants \$1 50 \$12 00



Leucothoe catesbæi. See page 16



# Evergreens

In this group are contained some of the most valued plants for landscape effects. The diversity of color and habit of growth in this class provide truly "a plant for every place and purpose," some for limited areas of foundation plantings or for bed and border uses, others for screens, hedges, windbreaks, and for group and specimen plantings. They are always desirable for any landscape plantings for both summer and winter effects.

#### ABIES · The Firs

Abies concolor. White Fir. Rapid-growing evergreen, with long, bluish green needles, and of symmetrical, upright habit. Splendid as a lawn specimen, as a contrast with the darker foliage of other trees, and is also useful in screen and border plantings. It is a tree of great dignity and stateliness and when given plenty of room to develop naturally, it keeps its magnificent lower branches until late in life.

		Ea	~~~				ch
$1\frac{1}{2}$	to 2 ft	\$1	50	6 to 7	ft.,	 \$10	00
2	to 3 ft	2	50	7 to 8	ft	 15	00
3	to 4 ft	4	00	8 to 10	ft	 25	00
4	to 5 ft	5	50   1	0 to 12	ft	 40	00
5	to 6 ft	7	00   1	2 to 14	ft	 -60	00

A. douglasi (Pseudotsuga douglasi). Douglas Fir. This tree is hardy and adapts itself to either dry or moist situations. It will thrive in semi-shade as well as in full sunlight. Pyramidal in habit, with bluish green, short needles, closely borne along the branches. This is naturally a giant tree from the Northwest Pacific slope and requires plenty of room for fine development of its beauty and character.

	Each		
2 to 3 ft	\$2 00	8 to 10 ft	\$13 00
3 to 4 ft	3 00	10 to 12 ft	18 00
4 to 5 ft	4 50	12 to 14 ft	24 00
		14 to 16 ft	
6 to 7 ft	7 50	16 to 18 ft	40 00
7 to 8 ft.	9.00		

BUXUS. Boxwood. See page 15

Deduct 10 per cent of unit price for 10 or more of one variety in one size

#### CEDRUS · Cedar

	Blue Atlas Cedar. A very rare
and lovely tree of crect	habit with widespread branches
covered with silvery blue	needles. Each
2 to 3 ft\$4	00   4 to 5 ft\$8 00
3 to 4 ft 6	00   5 to 6 ft

#### CHAMÆCYPARIS (Retinospora)

#### The Cypress

Chamæcyparis obtusa. Hinoki Cypress. An extremely graceful evergreen of medium height. The foliage is a rich dark green. Makes a fine specimen.

Each		Each
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$1 00	4 to 5 ft	.\$5 00
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 1 75$	5 to 6 ft	. 7 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\bar{3}$ ft	6 to 7 ft	. 9 00
3 to 4 ft	7 to 8 ft	.12 00

C. obtusa compacta. Football Cypress. Foliage dark green. Dwarf, compact, and of good form, from which it derives its name. An excellent type for foundation plantings.

Each		Lach
15 to 18 in\$1 00		
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	3 00

C. obtusa crippsi. Golden Hinoki Cypress. A golden-leaved form of C. obtusa. Bright yellow at all times.

C. obtusa gracilis. Slender Hinoki Cypress. Compact and of dwarf habit. Makes a narrow, irregular pyramid with light, graceful branches and rich green foliage. Prices of C. obtusa crippsi and C. obtusa gracilis:

Each			ch
1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft\$1 25	3 to 4 ft	. \$5	00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	4 to 5 ft	. 7	00
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 2 50$	*5 to 6 ft	.10	00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	6 to 8 ft	.15	00

BULK'S NURSERIES, Babylon, Long Island, N. Y.

#### EVERGREENS AND SNOW. ONE OF NATURE'S LOVELIEST COMBINATIONS

Characteria abtura analis
Chamæcyparis obtusa gracilis compacta. Compact Hinoki Cypress. A little more compact than C. obtusa gracilis. Interesting irregular character of growth; slow growing.
Each 15 to 18 in\$2 00   2 to 2½ ft\$3 50
C. obtusa nana. Dwarf Hinoki Cypress. Forms a compact, dense, irregular plant, with a Japanese effect. One of the best dwarf evergreens for planting in the foreground and excellent for the rock-garden. The dark green foliage is particularly effective in the winter months.  Each  Each
8 to 10 in. \$1 50   15 to 18 in. \$5 00 10 to 12 in. \$2 50   18 to 24 in. 7 00 12 to 15 in. \$3 50   2 to 2\frac{1}{2} ft. \$10 00
C. pisifera. Sawara Cypress. Quick growing, of tall, pyramidal shape, with horizontal branches. The foliage is a deep, glossy green. When sheared, makes a beautiful specimen, and is very graceful when left to develop naturally.
C. pisifera plumosa. Plume Cypress. Light green foliage, soft and feathery. When sheared, makes a compact plant which can be used either around the foundation of the house or as a lawn specimen.
Prices of above two varieties: Each         1½ to 2 ft.       \$1 00       5 to 6 ft.       \$5 00         2 to 2½ ft.       1 50       6 to 7 ft.       6 50         2½ to 3 ft.       2 00       7 to 8 ft.       9 00         3 to 4 ft.       2 50       8 to 10 ft.       14 00         4 to 5 ft.       3 50
C. pisifera aurea. Golden Sawara Cypress. Has all the characteristics of the above, except that it is of a beautiful golden yellow color—the brightest of all. May be casily sheared when a formal effect is desired. Well adapted to city planting.
C. pisifera plumosa aurea. Golden Plume Cypress. Same characteristies as C. pisifera plumosa, except that the foliage is golden in color. It is one of the most popular varieties, well liked for its rich coloring, which is in marked contrast to the darker evergreens.
C. pisifera squarrosa. Moss Retinospora. Forms a broad pyramid. The soft, moss-like foliage is very dense and compact, giving a woolly appearance. Adaptable to shearing. Prices of above three varieties:
Each  1½ to 2 ft. \$1 25   5 to 6 ft. \$6 00  2 to 2½ ft. 1 75   6 to 7 ft. 8 00  2½ to 3 ft. 2 50   7 to 8 ft. 11 00  3 to 4 ft. 3 50   8 to 10 ft. 16 00  4 to 5 ft. 4 50   10 to 12 ft. 24 00
C. pisifera filifera. Thread Retinospora. Of graceful, drooping growth, with dense, dark green foliage. Very useful in all evergreen plantings, and when sheared regularly it will maintain its low, compact shape for a long period.  Each Each
2 to 2½ ft. \$1 75   5 to 6 ft. \$7 00 2½ to 3 ft. 2 50   6 to 7 ft. 10 00 3 to 4 ft. 3 50   7 to 8 ft. 15 00 4 to 5 ft. 5 00   8 to 10 ft. 20 00
C. pisifera filifera aurea. Golden Thread Retinospora. Another form of Filifera, with the young growth of a golden yellow
eolor. Each 15 to 18 in. \$1 50   2½ to 3 ft. \$5 00 1½ to 2 ft. 2 50   3 to 4 ft. 7 00 2 to 2½ ft. 3 50   4 to 5 ft. 10 00
C. pisifera filifera compacta. Dwarf Thread Retinospora. A dwarf, very compact form of the preceding variety.
Each 2½ to 3 ft\$7 50   4 to 5 ft\$13 00 3 to 4 ft
C. pisifera plumosa. See Pisifera above.

Deduct 10 per cent of unit price for 10 or more of one variety in one size

## Evergreen Hedges

From time immemorial people have used hedges and fences to protect their property from intrusion and to seeure privacy. Until recently an evergreen hedge meant quite an expense, but they have now come down to a price-level within the reach of every home-owner. We invite you to compare the prices listed below with the cost of a fence.

#### ARBORVITÆ

- <b>American.</b> Makes a very dense, fas		
that will reach considerable height if I		
plants 2 to 3 feet apart.	10	100
2 to 3 ft	. \$7 50	\$65 00
3 to 4 ft	.12 50	100 00
4 to 5 ft	17 50	150 00
Pyramidal. Because of its shapely hab		
deep green foliage, this makes a very	z fine hed	løe.

# deep green foliage, this makes a very fine hedge. 3 to 4 ft. 17 50 150 00 4 to 5 ft. 22 50 185 00 5 to 6 ft. 35 00 300 00

#### HEMLOCK

The Hemloek hedge is ideal, and we recommend it as one of the most beautiful of evergreen hedges. Every year it grows increasingly beautiful. The Hemlock also grows well in shade, and lends itself nieely to shearing.

$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2	ft	 	 	\$10.00	\$90 00
2 to 2½	ft	 	 	15 00	125 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3	ft	 	 	18 00	165 00
3 to 4	ft	 	 	27 00	250 00
4 to 5	ft	 	 	40 00	350 00

#### ILEX CRENATA

JAPANESE HOLLY ( $llex\ crenata$ ). Dense, compact evergreen bush that lends itself well to shearing. Deep green foliage somewhat resembling that of boxwood. 10 100 11½ to 2 ft. \$12 50 \$100 00 2 to  $2^{1}2$  ft. 17 50 150 00 3 to 4 ft. 35 00 300 00

#### JAPANESE YEW HEDGE

Without doubt, this is the grandest of all the evergreens for hedges. In England and on the Continent, Yew hedges make up a large part of the charm of the landscape. The deep, rich, dark green foliage makes them a beautiful thing to behold. Plant a Yew hedge now and enjoy it all the days of your life.

<b>Dwarf</b> (Taxus cuspidata nana).	10	100
12 to 15-in. spread	.\$12 00	\$100.00
15 to 18-in. spread		175 00
Spreading (Taxus cuspidata).		
15 to 18-in. spread	. 12 00	100 00
1½ to 2-ft. spread	. 15 00	125 00
2 to 2½-ft. spread		225 00
Upright (T. capitata).		
2 to 2½ ft., hedge type	. 15 00	125 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $3$ ft., hedge type		150 00
3 to 3½ ft., hedge type		175 00
4 to 5 ft., hedge type		400 00
5 to 6 ft., hedge type		650 00
6 to 7 ft., hedge type		850 00
B. Carrier Control of the Control of		

BULK'S YEW (Taxus baccata bulki).				
Yew with numerous vertical stems a	isefi	il for	hedg	cs.
Compact grower. Good dark bluis	sh g	reen	foliag	c.
1 to 1½ ft	\$12	50	\$100	00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to $\overline{2}$ ft	17	50	150	00
2 to 21/6 ft				

#### NEITHER FENCES NOR WALLS CAN EQUAL AN EVERGREEN HEDGE



The lovely fruit of the Japanese Yew. See page 19

#### CRYPTOMERIA · Japanese Cedar

Cryptomeria japonica araucarioides. Japanese Cedar. A very unusual and interesting plant of upright shape and loose, fantastic growth.

loose, fantastic growth.	
Each	Each
3 to 4 ft\$5 00	4 to 5 ft\$7 00
C. japonica lobbi. A hands	
narrow, pyramidal in shape.	, and with deep green foliage
	to a beautiful bronzy tint. A
fine novelty. Each	Each
3 to 4 ft\$3 50	7 to 8 ft\$10 00
4 to 5 ft 4 50	8 to 9 ft 14 00
5 to 6 ft 6 00	9 to 10 ft 18 00
6 to 7 ft. 8 00	10 to 12 ft. 25 00

#### CUPRESSUS · Cypress

Cupressus, Triomphe de E	<b>Boskoop.</b> Boskoop Cypress. Blue- endulous. Makes a good lawn
specimen. Each	
"	8 to 10 ft

#### JUNIPERUS · The Junipers

Juniperus chinensis pfitzeriana. Pfitzer Juniper. A very hardy variety that will thrive under the most unfavorable conditions. Well adapted to planting about foundations, entrances and beside steps. Spreading in habit when young. Gray-green foliage. A particularly tough plant for rough, hot, dusty, and smoky surroundings, enduring conditions which would destroy most other evergreens.

Each	Lach
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	4 to 5 ft., heavy\$7 00
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 2 50$	5 to 6 ft., heavy
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft 3 50	6 to 7 ft., heavy
$3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 4 50$	7 to 8 ft., heavy
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft., heavy 5 50	8 to 9 ft., heavy

J. chinensis columnaris. Columnar Chinese Juniper. A distinct, narrow, columnar tree, with steel-blue foliage which retains its color well into the winter. Hardy and of rapid growth. Very formal.

		Each
3 to 4 ft\$3 00	8 to 9 ft	\$12 00
4 to 5 ft 4 00	9 to 10 ft	15 00
5 to 6 ft 5 00	10 to 12 ft.	18 00
6 to 7 ft 7 00	12 to 14 ft	24 00
7 to 8 ft 9 00	14 to 16 ft	30 00

J. communis hibernica. Irish Juniper. A slender, columnar tree that is distinctively attractive. Leaves are gray-green in color. Much used for border planting.

Juniperus communis suecica. Swedish Juniper. Quickgrowing, upright tree of beautiful outline, useful as an accent point in plantings, and similar to the Irish Juniper but with lighter green tips of branches.

Prices of two preceding:	Each		Each
11/6 to 2 ft.	\$0.75	2½ to 3 ft	\$1 75
2 to 21/2 ft	1 25	3 to 4 ft	2. 50
2 (0 2/2 10			

J. excelsa stricta. Spiny Greek Juniper. A very ornamental evergreen; narrow, dense and of erect growth. Foliage is gray-green. Very desirable for formal effects. Slow grower, keeping its columnar habit for many years.

•		Eε	ich			Ea	ich
12 to	15 in	\$1	00	$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2}$	ft	\$2	00
15 to	18 in	1	25	212 to 3	ft	2	75
		1		1			

J. horizontalis glauca. Blue Creeping Juniper. A splendid plant for banks, rocky slopes, and rock-gardens. Makes a broad, dense mat on the ground and is very popular as a ground-cover.

Each

12 to 15 in.

\$1 00 | 1½ to 2 ft.

\$2 00 | 15 to 18 in.

1 50 | 2 to 2½ ft.

2 Dumed Spreading

J. horizontalis depressa plumosa. Plumed Spreading Juniper. An exceedingly handsome, hardy, low-growing type; spreading and graceful in form. The silvery green foliage turns to a rich purple in autumn.

Each		413 41	ch
1½ to 2 ft\$1 25	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	. \$3	00
2 to 2½ ft 2 00	3 to 4 ft	. 4	50

J. sabina. Savin Juniper. An excellent dwarf evergreen; fanlike in habit. Foliage a pleasing dark green color. Popular for mass effects.

Each	Each
1 to 1½ ft\$1 25   2 to	21 <sub>9</sub> ft \$2 50
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to $\tilde{2}$ ft 1 75   $2\frac{1}{2}$	to 3 ft 3 50

J. squamata meyeri. Meyer Juniper. A comparatively new variety, dwarf and of irregular habit of growth. The color is iridescent, the general effect being silvery blue, the tips taking purple tints in winter.

Each		Each
12 to 15 in	$2^{1}_{2}$ to 3 ft	. \$4 00
15 to 18 in 1 50		
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft		
$2 \text{ to } 2_{2}^{1} \text{ ft.} \dots 3 00$		



Pfitzer Juniper

## THERE IS A JUNIPER FOR EVERY REQUIREMENT

Juniperus virginiana. Red Cedar. Useful where tall accents are needed or formal effects desired. Tall and slender, with rich, dark green foliage.
Each 8 to 9 ft., heavy\$14 00   10 to 12 ft., heavy\$22 00 9 to 10 ft., heavy 18 00   12 to 14 ft., heavy 30 00  Larger sizes, prices on application
J. virginiana glauca. Silvery Red Cedar. One of the hand- somest forms of the Red Cedar. A little denser in habit than the common Red Cedar and has silvery gray foliage which keeps its color all year.
Each 2 to 3 ft. \$2 50   6 to 7 ft. \$8 00 3 to 4 ft. 3 50   7 to 8 ft. 10 00 4 to 5 ft. 5 00   8 to 10 ft. 15 00 5 to 6 ft. 6 50
J. virginiana cannarti. Cannart Cedar. A fine, pyramidal evergreen of compact growth. Has a wonderful winter eolor and is perfeetly hardy. Deep, rich green foliage.
J. virginiana elegantissima. Golden Red Cedar. Slender outline with golden-tipped foliage. An excellent variety where color contrast is desired.
J. virginiana keteleeri. Keteleeri Red Cedar. Similar in habit of growth to the Virginia Red Cedar, but differs slightly in color which is a deep green. Compact foliage.  Prices of above three varieties: Each  2 to 3 ft
3 to 4 ft 3 50   6 to 7 ft 7 50 4 to 5 ft 4 50   7 to 8 ft 9 00
J. virginiana kosteri. Koster Red Cedar. Wide-spreading variety resembling the Pfitzer Juniper in habit of growth.  Each  Each  Each
7 to 8 ft\$20 00   8 to 10 ft\$28 00
PICEA · The Spruces
Piggs alba (ganadanaia) White Sprugs While this bluid
Picea alba (canadensis). White Spruce. While this bluish green species adapts itself to a great variety of soils, it prefers moist rather than dry situations. It is a compact, erect grower, and is very long lived.
green species adapts itself to a great variety of soils, it prefers moist rather than dry situations. It is a compact, erect grower, and is very long lived.  P. excelsa. Norway Spruce. This evergreen is much appreciated for its very rapid growth, thriftiness, and heavy masses of dark green foliage.
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Picea pungens kosteri. Koster Blue Spruce. This is the bluest of the Spruces. In form and habit of growth it is compact, symmetrical, and shapely, and because of its intense coloring it is considered the most desirable of all the fancy-colored evergreens.
Each 1 to 1½ ft. \$2 50   4 to 5 ft. \$11 60 1½ to 2 ft. 3 50   5 to 6 ft. 15 00 2 to 2½ ft. 4 50   6 to 7 ft. 20 00 2½ to 3 ft. 6 00   7 to 8 ft. 26 00 3 to 3½ ft. 7 50   8 to 10 ft. 38 00 3½ to 4 ft. 9 00   10 to 12 ft. \$50 up
PINUS · The Pines Pinus cembra. Swiss Stone Pine. A conical, slow-growing
Pine with attractive silvery green needles. Each Each 214 to 3 ft \$4 50
P. flexilis. Limber Pine. A hardy, upright-growing Pine with dark bluish green foliage.
Each 2 to 3 ft.
P. montana mughus. Mugho Pine. Dwarf evergreen. Slow growing, very hardy, compact and neat in habit. Most valuable where a low, dense evergreen growth is desired and excellent for rock-gardens and foundations.
Each 12 to 15 in.
P. nigra (austriaca). Austrian Pine. A stately Pine, vigorous and rapid grower; very hardy. Long, rich green needles. It thrives on any soil, inland or near the sea. One of the finest Pines for general planting, thriving in either the smoke- and gas-laden air of cities or the bracing salt air of the seashore. While it will stand trimming, it looks much better when allowed to grow naturally.  Each  Each  7 to 8 ft
2 to 3 ft.
P. resinosa. Red Pine. Resembles the Austrian Pine in habit, the needles, however, being longer and darker, though not so coarse or stiff. Quite as desirable as the Austrian Pine.  Each  Each
3 to 4 ft \$2 50 8 to 10 ft \$18 00 4 to 5 ft 3 50 10 to 12 ft 27 00 5 to 6 ft 5 50 12 to 14 ft 38 00
P. strobus. White Pine. An extremely rapid-growing Pine, and forms very beautiful specimens if permitted to develop in the open. Useful as lawn specimens in the border, as a screen or windbreak, and is exceptionally fine for mass planting.  Each  Each
5 to 6 ft.       \$5 00       10 to 12 ft.       \$20 00         6 to 7 ft.       7 00       12 to 14 ft.       28 00         7 to 8 ft.       10 00       14 to 16 ft.       40 00         8 to 10 ft.       15 00       16 to 18 ft.       60 00
P. sylvestris. Scotch Pine. Desirable for its very rapid growth and adaptability to most soils. Silvery foliage. Each  Each   4 to 5 ft
2 to 3 ft
P. thunbergi. Japanese Black Pine. A beautiful Pine with rich dark green needles and interesting outline. Good for scashore planting.  Each 2 to 3 ft \$2 00   7 to 8 ft \$13 00 3 to 4 ft 3 00   8 to 10 ft 18 00
PSEUDOTSUGA. Douglas Fir. See Abies, page 18. RETINOSPORA. See Chamæcyparis, pages 18 and 19.
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# TAXUS (The Yew)

Without question, the Yew (Taxus) in its various forms is the outstanding evergreen for use on the home-grounds and in general landscaping, for its dark green, rich-textured foliage is always fresh-looking and attractive. It is extremely hardy, not affected by cold or heat, and will grow in shade as well as sun. A slow grower and lends itself well to shearing. There are forms for various uses which are described below.

For years Bulk's Nurseries have specialized in the growing of Yews in many varieties, and the fine quality of our stock is widely known. We have a large and complete list and can supply your needs at prices that invite comparison.



An Upright Japanese Yew Hedge. See page 19 for hedge prices

Taxus baccata bulki. Bulk's Yew. A dwarf, upright variety of Yew with numerous vertical stems. Compact grower; useful for hedges. Dark bluish green foliage.

Each	Each
1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft\$1 50	$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots $3 00$
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $3$ ft

T. baccata repandens. Spreading English Yew. Of graceful, spreading form. The most prostrate of all the Yews, and one of the finest low-growing evergreens because of its adaptability to shade or sunlight.

Each	Each
15 to 18 in\$2 00	3 to 3½ ft\$8 00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	$3\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{3}{4}$ ft
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 4 00$	4 to 5 ft
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\bar{3}$ ft	

T. canadensis. Canada Yew. A variety with low, spreading habit. It is one of the American Yews and is popular for that reason. Known locally as Ground Hemlock, it is found on shady hillsides and this should be kept in mind when planting. It can be trimmed as desired.

Each		Each
4 to 5 ft\$7 00	5 to 6 ft	.\$9 00



Taxus cuspidata nana (Dwarf Japanese Yew)

Taxus cuspidata. Spreading Japanese Yew. A compact, spreading variety with rich, dark green foliage and brilliant scarlet berries in the autumn. Perfectly hardy and valuable for

many locations.	Each		Each
15 to 18 in	\$1 50	3½ to 4 ft	\$8 00
		4 to 5 ft	
2 to 2½ ft	3 00	5 to 6 ft	18 00
		6 to 7 ft	
3 to 3½ ft	6 00 1		

For Hedges, see page 19.

T. cuspidata nana (brevifolia compacta). Dwarf Japanese Yew. An extremely hardy variety of irregular spreading habit. The branches are covered with black-green foliage. The choicest dwarf Yew.

Each	Each
12 to 15 in\$1 50	3½ to 4 ft\$16 00
15 to 18 in 2 25	$4 \text{ to } 4\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 20 00$
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	4½ to 5 ft
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 5 00$	5 to 6 ft 35 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\bar{3}$ ft	
$3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 12 00$	

T. cuspidata capitata. Upright Japanese Yew. This is the upright-growing or pyramidal form of the Japanese Yew, somewhat open in growth, with rieh, dark green foliage. Particularly beautiful when covered with light green tip of new growth in the spring. A very choice evergreen.

Choice strain grown from selected cuttings, far superior to seedling plants

Each	Each
1½ to 2 ft\$1 75	6 to 7 ft\$14 00
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 2 50$	6 to 7 ft., heavy 18 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\bar{3}$ ft	6 to 7 ft., ex. heavy. 22 00
$3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft } \dots 4 50$	7 to 8 ft 18 00
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	7 to 8 ft., heavy 22 00
4 to 5 ft 7 00	7 to 8 ft., ex. heavy. 30 00
4 to 5 ft., heavy 10 00	8 to 9 ft 26 00
5 to 6 ft	8 to 9 ft., speeimen. 40 00
5 to 6 ft., heavy14 00	9 to 10 ft., speeimen. 60 00

**T. media hicksi.** *Hicks' Yew.* A narrow, upright form of Yew useful for formal aeeent or hedge planting.

		_ A	
	Each		Each
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	\$2 25   3 t	o 3½ ft	\$6 00
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.}$	3 25   4 t	o 5 ft., hea	vy15 00
21/6 to 3 ft	4 50 1		

### ARBORVITAES, HEMLOCKS AND YEWS ARE EXCELLENT HEDGE-PLANTS

## THUJA · The Arborvitæ

Thuja occidentalis. American Arborvitæ. The upright, flatleaved evergreen so commonly used as single specimens and for hedges and windbreaks. Will stand severe shearing.

Eac		
2 to 3 ft\$1	00   7 to 8 ft	\$7 00
3 to 4 ft 1	50 8 to 9 ft	9 00
4 to 5 ft	25 9 to 10 ft	12 00
5 to 6 ft	75   10 to 12 lt	15 00
6 to 7 ft 5	00   12 to 14 ft	20 00
For Hedges, see page 19		

- T. occidentalis ellwangeriana, Rheingold. Golden Tom Thumb Arborvitæ. A dwarf form, with beautiful golden foliage. Exceptionally fine for rock-gardens or borders.

		,	Ea	.ch			Ea	ch
11	0 to 12	in	\$1	50	$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2	ft	 \$3	50
1.	2 to 15	in	2	00	$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2}$	ft	 5	00
	5 to 18		2		· -			

- T. occidentalis globosa. American Globe Arborvitæ. This small, dwarf evergreen is true to name, having a very round or globe-shaped outline. Very hardy, ornamental, and most satisfactory for border planting or low-growing hedges.

  Each

  12 to 15 in.

  \$0.75 | 2 to 2½ ft.

  \$2.25

  15 to 18 in.

  1 00 | 2½ to 3 ft.

  3 50

  1½ to 2 ft.

  1 50
- T. occidentalis rosenthali. Rosenthal Arborvitæ. A compact tree, erect, columnar in growth, and with dark green, glossy foliage. Fine as specimens or for formal plantings.
- T. occidentalis sibirica. Siberian Arborvitæ. A hardy variety, forming a broad pyramid. Deep olive-green foliage; of slow growth. Useful in foundation plantings.

Prices of above two varieties: Each	Each
1½ to 2 ft\$1 00	$  3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft\$3 50
2 to 2½ ft 1 50	4 to 5 ft 4 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $3$ ft	5 to 6 ft 6 50
$3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 2 75$	6 to 7 ft 8 50



Photo by Jessie Tarbox Beals

An excellent example of how the Suburban Plot can be made more livable and enjoyable. Suggestions and estimates on this type of work will be cheerfully given.

Thuja occidentalis, Columbia. Columbia Arborvitæ. Pyramidal form, with silvery-tipped foliage. An excellent variety for group plantings.

- T. occidentalis lutea. George Peabody Arborvitx. A well-known variety forming a broad pyramid, with golden yellow foliage that is strikingly contrasted against the grays and greens of other evergreens.
- T. occidentalis plicata. Giant Arborvitæ. Pyramidal shape. Deep blue-green foliage with triangular whitish spots. As its name implies, it attains considerable height.
- **T. standishi.** Standish Arborvitæ. This is a loose, open type of Arborvitæ, with rich green foliage that is more feathery in appearance than any of the other Arborvitæs. It is often used in informal plantings.

Prices of above four varieties: Each		Each	
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots \$1 00$	5 to 6 ft	.\$4 5	0
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft			
3 to 4 ft 2 50	7 to 8 ft	. 8 0	0
4 to 5 ft			

- **T. occidentalis pyramidalis.** Pyramidal Arborvitæ. This is one of the very best of the Arborvitæs. It is distinctly columnar in growth, while its glossy, dark green foliage is equally attractive both winter and summer. A formal plant, and fine for accents.
- T. occidentalis spiralis. Douglas Pyramidal Arborvitæ. Pyramidal in form with short, compact, twisted effect branches, which gives this variety more character than the common form. Valuable as an accent plant in foundation plantings.

President Son	
Prices of above two varieties: Each	Each
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots \$1 00$	6 to 7 ft\$7 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	7 to 8 ft 9 00
3 to 4 ft 2 25	
4 to 5 ft 3 50	
5 to 6 ft 5 00	10 to 12 ft
For Hedges, see page 19.	

T. orientalis aurea nana. Berckman's Golden Arborvitæ. A very beautiful dwarf evergreen of round shape. Formal in habit, with golden yellow foliage. Slow growing.

Each	Each
10 to 12 in\$0 75	$1 2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots \$2 75$
12 to 15 in 1 00	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\bar{3}$ ft
	5 to 6 ft30 00
	6 to 8 ft40 00

**T. orientalis compacta.** Chinese Compact Arborvitæ. Brightgreen in color and of dwarf, columnar shape. Desirable for very formal effects or for hedges.

		.ch			– E a	
1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	\$1	00	3 to 4 ft	 	. \$3	25
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	1	25	4 to 5 ft	 	. 4	50
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	1	75	5 to 6 ft	 	. 7	00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\overline{3}$ ft						

#### TSUGA · The Hemlocks

Tsuga canadensis. American Hemlock. Most desirable evergreen tree, very graceful and adaptable for specimens or groups. A very delightful effect is obtained when grown as a hedge. The leaves are dull green, on branches that are slender and drooping.

are siender and drooping.	
Each	Each
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$1 25	7 to 8 ft., heavy \$14 00
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 1 75$	8 to 9 ft., heavy 19 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $3$ ft 2 25	9 to 10 ft., heavy 25 00
3 to 4 ft 3 50	10 to 12 ft., heavy 35 00
4 to 5 ft 5 00	12 to 14 ft., heavy 45 00
5 to 6 ft 6 50	14 to 16 ft., heavy 55 00
6 to 7 ft., heavy 9 00	

T. caroliniana. Carolina Hemlock. An attractive tree with dark green foliage and drooping branches. A triffe more open and thin in growth and habit than Canadensis.

For Hedges, see page 19.

open and this in 810 ii the	THE CONTRACT CONTRACTOR		
Each			
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$1 50	4 to 5 ft	. \$5	50
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 2 00$	5 to 6 ft	. 7	50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\bar{3}$ ft			
3 to 4 ft 4 00			

## BULK'S HARDY ROSES

OSES—the mere name is an inspiration to garden lovers. Nothing can take the place of the Rose. Almost every home has room for at least a few. Roses will grow in any fertile soil, but are much improved in bloom, fragrance, and beauty by rich soil, liberal fertilizing, and good cultivation. Branches should be well cut back early each spring.



#### BULK'S ROSES GROW AND BLOOM

#### CLIMBING AND RAMBLER ROSES

Prices, except where noted:

In Pots Each Strong plants....\$0 75 \$6 00 \$1 00 Extra-large, 4 and 5-yr. plants. \$1.50 to \$2 each.

American Pillar. Cherry-pink, white

Breeze Hill. Double; pink. Excellent.

\*EASLEA'S GOLDEN RAMBLER. Plant Patent No. 114. Large, full-petaled, fragrant yellow. \$1 each. **Dorothy Perkins.** Shell-pink. A very

popular variety.

Dr. W. Van Fleet. Flesh-pink. Emily Gray. Golden yellow. Excelsa. Brilliant scarlet-erimson.

Glendale. Double; white. Beautiful bud. Mme. Gregoire Staechelin. (New.) Fragrant Climbing Rose from Barcelona, Spain. Color is iridescent pearlpink, with claret-carmine markings on

outer petals.

\*New Dawn. Plant Patent No. 1-first plant patented under the U. S. Patent Laws. (New.) Everblooming Climbing Rose. Color is soft blush-pink and the flowers are large and full. \$1.50 each.

Paul's Scarlet Climber. Flashing and vivid scarlet.

Silver Moon. Pure waxy white.

Tausendschon. Varies from pink to

White Dorothy Perkins. Pure white, double flowers.

#### BABY or DWARF POLYANTHA ROSES

Prices, except where noted: Each 2-yr., field-grown plants.. **\$0 75 \$6 50** 

Large, fragrant, semi-double, scarlet-crimson flowers. \$1 each.

Golden Salmon. Reddish orange flowers in large clusters.

Mrs. R. M. Finch. Large, bright rosepink flowers. Vigorous grower. One of the finest Polyanthas.

\*Smiles. Patent applied for. A lovely new variety with salmon-pink, semi-double, large blooms in great masses. It smiles at one all through the summer and fall. 85 ets. each, \$8.50 per doz.

Orange Perfection. Orange color. Orleans. Vivid rosy crimson. Paul Grampel. Orange-red shade. Rudolph Kluis. Vermilion buds and flowers in large clusters.

#### TRAILING ROSES

Max Graf. H. Rug. A vigorous, trailing Rose with disease-resistant rugose foliage. Bright pink, 3-inch, golden centered blooms in June. For planting on steep banks or trailing over a wall.

Wichuraiana (Memorial Rose). A trailing Rose with almost evergreen foliage. White, fragrant flowers. Valuable for binding banks and ground-cover. Prices on above two varieties:

Strong, field-grown, Each 



Smiles (Plant Patent applied for)

#### MISCELLANEOUS ROSES

		_
<b>Dr. E. M. Mills.</b> <i>H. Sp.</i> Prir	nro	SC-
pink flowers along branches.	Ea	ch
1½ to 2 ft		
2 to 3 ft		
Rosa hugonis. Hugonis Rose.	Loi	ng,
<ul> <li>gracefully arching branches fille</li> </ul>	dw	ith
glorious yellow single flowers.	Ta	aII,
strong-growing shrub.	Eac	ch
2 to 3 ft	\$()	75
3 to 4 ft		
4 to 5 ft		
R. rugosa. Red and White Ja	pan	ese
Rose. Each	11	0
2 to 3 ft\$0 60	\$5	()()
3 to 4 ft 1 00	7	5()
4 to 5 ft 1 50		

OR quick results in covering the bare sides and softening the sharp A angles of buildings, hiding unsightly fences, beautifying and shading porches, bowers, and summer-houses, vines and climbers are indispensable. The sweeping vines about a porch appeal to everyone.

## Vines and Climbers

#### AMPELOPSIS (Ivy)

Ampelopsis quinquefolia. Virginia Creeper. Quick-growing. Valuable Creeper. Quick-growing. for rich fiery autumn color.

A. tricuspidata veitchi. Boston Ivy. Has brilliant autumn coloring. Self clinging.

Prices of above two varieties: Each Medium plants.....\$0 45 \$4 00 5 00

#### BITTERSWEET

Celastrus scandens. American Bittersweet. Beautiful vine with orange and red berries that retain color when cut and dried. Medium plants.....\$0 50 

#### **CLEMATIS**

Clematis paniculata. Sweet Autumn Clematis. Fluffy white, very fragrant llowers. September. Each Medium plants ..... \$0 50 \$4 50 Strong plants ...... 75

#### ENGLISH IVY

Hedera helix. English Ivy. Evergreen climbing vine. Ideal wall-cover. Medium plants . . . . \$0 35 \$3 00 Strong plants ..... 50

ROSES, CLIMBING. See Roses

#### HONEYSUCKLE

Lonicera japonica halliana. Hall's Japanese Honeysuckle. Very fragrant white flowers in June. Rapid grower and very hardy. Each Medium plants . . . . . . \$0 30 \$2 50 Strong plants ..... 45 Extra-strong plants ... 5 00

L. sempervirens magnifica. Everblooming Climbing Honeysuckle. Bears flowers continuously from carly June until late October. Flowers are rich orange-scarlet color and come in great terminal clusters.

Strong field-grown plants....\$0 75 Extra-strong plants...... 1 00

Vines Are All Strong, Field-grown

#### SILVER LACE VINE

Polygonum auberti. Silver Lace Vine. Vigorous vine reaching 25 feet, covered with masses of beautiful foamy white flowers all summer and Each 

 Medium plants
 \$0.75
 \$7.00

 Strong plants
 1.00
 9.00

#### WISTERIA

Wisteria sinensis. Chinese Wisteria. Tall-growing; cluster of purple pcashaped flowers in May. Grafted plants. 

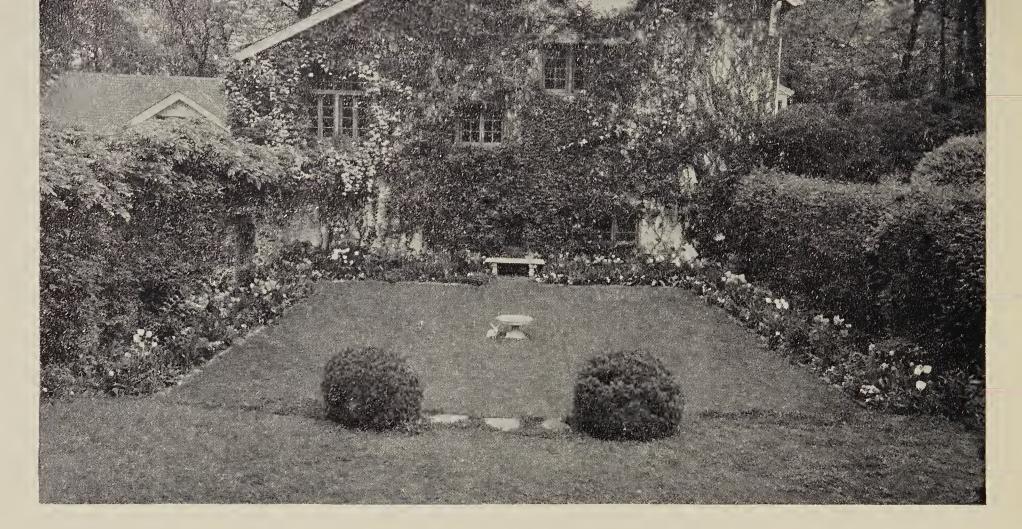
Special Improved Varieties These new lovely Oriental Wisterias are beautiful beyond words. Medium, \$3; extra-strong, \$5.

Wisteria floribunda, Kyushaku. Lavender, fragrant blooms of immense length.

W. floribunda, Naga Noda. Delicate purple blooms 3 to 4 feet long.

V. floribunda, Nodo-murasaki. Lavender-purple. Strong-growing

and free-flowering.



# Hardy Perennials

IT IS no wonder that these old-fashioned hardy garden flowers continue to increase in popularity, for there is not a time during the whole flowering season when some hardy perennial is not in bloom, and when, during the late summer, few shrubs are in blossom, these little plants may be depended on for attractive display.

Plant perennials this year in the flower-bed where you have been using annuals. Every year you have to replace annuals, whereas the perennials come up cach scason with

very little work or expense.

You do not need a large estate to have an old-fashioned garden or border from which you can pick flowers from early spring until late fall. Let us help plan your garden.

The size mentioned in the description indicates the height the plants may be expected to attain at maturity; the month

represents the season of bloom.

There are no finer autumn flowers than the modern Chrysanthemums and you will like our new varieties.

Perennials marked (†) are suitable for rock-gardens

Prices for Perennial Plants, except where otherwise noted: Strong field-grown plants, 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz., \$18 per 100 plants; large clumps, 35 to 50 cts. each

AJUGA reptans. Carpet Bugle. 6 in. Carpet of bronzy foliage with blue flowers in May and June.

ALTHÆA. Hollybock. 5 to 8 ft. All shades of Red, White, Pink, and Yellow; double and single.

†ALYSSUM saxatile. Golden Tuft. 4 to 12 in. Showy masses of compact yellow flowers in April and May.

AQUILEGIA. Columbine. 2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  ft. Pink, Red, Blue, and Lavender. May to July.

†ARABIS alpina. Rock-Cress. 5 in. Mat of gray-green foliage with cloud of pure white flowers in April and May.

†ARMERIA maritima. Thrift. 6 in. Dense heads of pink flowers on tufts of narrow evergreen foliage. May, June. 35 cts. each, \$3 per doz.

ARTEMISIA, Silver King. 3 ft. Masses of silvery gray foliage. Useful for decorating or with bouquets. Excellent for perennial border. 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz.

ASCLEPIAS tuberosa. Butterflyweed. 2 ft. Bright orange flowers from July to September.

†ASTER alpinus, Goliath. Blue Mountain Daisy. 5 in. Large blue daisies with golden disk in May and June.

Aster, New Dwarf. †Countess of Dudley. 9 in. Clear

pink, with yellow eye. †Lady Henry Maddocks. 1 ft. Pale pink.

†Victor. 9 in. Lavender-blue.

Price of Dwarf Asters, 30 cts. each,
\$3 per doz.

Royal Pink. Masses of bright pink flowers in September. Compact growing. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

\*Harrington's Perfected Pink. (New.) 3 to 4 ft. The first true pink Hardy Aster. Bears, in September, an abundance of soft rose-pink blooms. 50 ets. each, \$5 per doz.

blooms. 50 ets. each, \$5 per doz.

\*A. Frikarti (Wonder of Stafa). 30 in.
Summer-flowering dwarf Aster. Considered to be the best of the hardy varieties. Lavender-blue flowers in profusion from mid-August until late October. 50 ets. each, \$5 per doz.

ASTILBE japonica, Queen Alexandra and Von Sicton. 1 to 2 ft. June. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

†AUBRIETIA, Hybrids. False Wall Cress. 6 in. Violet-blue flowers in dense masses in April and May.

†CAMPANULA carpatica. Blue Harebell. 8 in. Large, light blue flowers. C. persicifolia. Bellflower. 2 ft. Mixed.

June, July.

C. persicifolia, Telham Beauty.

2 ft. Large bright blue flowers.

June, July. 30 ets. caeh, \$3 per doz.

centaurea. 1½ ft. Deep pink flowers in July and Aug. Very desirable.

C. montana. Mountain Bluet. 1½ ft. Violet-blue, thistle-like flowers from June until Sept.

†CERASTIUM tomentosum. Snowin-Summer. 6 in. Silvery foliage and masses of white flowers. May, June.

CHRYSANTHEMUM, Hardy. Flowers that last until frost.

†Astrid. Plant Patent applied for. New hardy Chrysanthemum with beautiful soft pink, apricot-shaded flowers with yellow centers. Extremely hardy and blooms in profuse masses.

## PHLOX FOR SUMMER AND CHRYSANTHEMUMS FOR FALL COLOR

- HARDY CHRYSANTHEMUMS, eontinued
- Crimson Splendor. Flower large, rich erimson, with yellow eenter.
- Jean Treadway. Large sparkling pink flower with rose eenter.
- Judith Anderson. Button type. Flowers are rich shade of golden yellow.
- CUSHION CHRYSANTHEMUM (Azaleamum). The Mum with a Thousand Buds! Dwarf, compact, free-blooming habit. Great masses of vivid eolor from late summer to frost. Excellent for border or roekgarden.
  - Pink Cushion. Pink.
  - **King Cushion.** Deep bronzy salmon suffused with rose.
  - Queen Cushion. Pure white.
- Any of the above varieties, 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz. Heavy field clumps, 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.
- Chrysanthemum, Korean, Single.
  Aphrodite. Soft shade of pink, tinting to ivory.
  - Saturn. Sparkling orange and bronze flowers in great profusion. A rich autumn eolor.
- Venus. Vivid pink; sweetly fragrant.
- Chrysanthemum, Korean, Double.
  - Indian Summer. Large flowers of a warm shade of glowing ehestnutorange. Plants are sturdy and eompaet.
  - Pygmy Gold. Distinct type of early dwarf Korean Pompon Chrysanthemum with an abundance of blooms slightly over 1 inch across, and of a remarkably brilliant and intense clear golden yellow color. Starts to bloom in early September.
  - **Romany.** Large flowers of a soft glowing shade of red flushed with bronze.
- Any of above Korean Chrysanthemums, 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz. Heavy field clumps, 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.
- †Chrysanthemum maximum. Shasta Daisy. 1 to 2 ft. Large, daisy-like white flowers with yellow eenters. June to Sept.
- C. maximum, White Swan. An improved variety of Shasta Daisy with beautiful white blooms. 35 ets. each, \$3.50 per doz.
- †CONVALLARIA majalis. Lily-ofthe-Valley. 6 in. Loves moist and shady places. May.
- COREOPSIS grandiflora. 2 to 3 ft. Bright yellow flowers from June to frost if flowers are cut as they fade.
- DELPHINIUM bellamosum. Larkspur. 2½ to 3 ft. Tall spikes of dark blue flowers in June, July.
- D. grandiflorum chinense. Chinese Delphinium. 2 ft. Gentian-blue flowers. Feathery foliage.
- D., Gold Medal Hybrids. Improved Larkspur. The flowers are large, in all shades of blue, and are earried on 2-foot spikes. 35e each, \$3.50 per doz.

- †DIANTHUS deltoides. Maiden Pink. 8 in. Beautiful sprays of pink flowers. Excellent for rock-garden.
- †D. plumarius. Garden Pink. 1 ft. Great masses of pink, white, and magenta blooms all summer.
- beart. 1 to 2 ft. Drooping, heart-shaped flowers of white and rose. Valuable for planting in the shade. May to July. 50 ets. each, \$5 per doz.
- FUNKIA. See Hosta.
- GAILLARDIA aristata (grandiflora). Perennial Gaillardia. 2 ft. Daisy-like blossoms of orange-yellow, banded with red, all summer.
- †GEUM, Mrs. Bradshaw. 1½ ft. Large, double orange-searlet; all summer.
- †G., Lady Stratheden. 18 in. Large, double, golden yellow flowers all summer.
- GYPSOPHILA paniculata. Baby's Breath. 3 to 4 ft. Very minute, delicate white flowers. June to August.
- HEMEROCALLIS. Day Lily. Rieh yellowish orange, lily-like flowers in early summer.
- †HEUCHERA sanguinea. Coral Bells.
  Dainty, bright erimson flowers on 18-ineh stems from June to September. Exeellent for rock-garden. 30 ets. each, \$3 per doz.
- HIBISCUS. Marsh Mallow. 5 to 6 ft. A large-leaved plant, producing large, showy flowers throughout the summer. Fine for massing in moist places. Red, Pink, and White.
- HOLLYHOCKS. See Althæa, page 26.
- HOSTA lancifolia undulata (Funkia). Wavy-leaf Plantain Lily. Long, narrow, wavy-edged leaves, with margins; pale lilae flowers.
- †IBERIS gibraltarica. Evergreen Candytuft. White. April, May.
- IRIS germanica. German Iris. These vary in height from 2 to 3 feet, blooming in June in shades of purple, lavender, blue, yellow, and white.
- Any of the following choice named varieties, 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.
- Alcazar. Purple and violet-blue.
- Her Majesty. Rose. Lent A. Williamson. Blue and
- royal purple.
- Marsh Marigold. Golden yellow.
- Miranda. Violet-blue.
- Sherwin-Wright. Golden yellow.
- Pallida, Princess Beatrice. Blue-lavender.
- Prospero. Lavender.
- Mixed Varieties. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.
- I. kaempferi. Japanese Iris. 2 to 3 ft. Large, flat flowers in many colors. Last of June.
- †I. pumila. Miniature Iris. Dwarf yellow Iris that does not exceed 4 inches in height and blooms in April and May. Good for bordering beds or for the rockery.

- Iris sibirica. Siberian Iris. 2 to 3 ft. Grass-like foliage with clusters of blue or yellow llowers. Adapted for mass and waterside planting. May, June.
- Llatris pycnostachya. Kansas Gayfeather. Rich purple flowers on 4-foot spikes in midsummer.
- †LINARIA cymbalaria. Kenilworth Ivy. Long, trailing perennial herb. Small, pretty lilae flowers. June to August.
- LINUM perenne. Blue Perennial Flax. 1½ ft. A lovely plant with graeeful pearly blue flowers. May to August.
- LOBELIA cardinalis. Cardinal Flower. 3 ft. Searlet flowers in July and August.
- Lupine. 3 ft. Large spikes of flowers in various colors. Prefer semi-shady location. May, June.
- LYCHNIS chalcedonica. Maltese Cross. 2 to 3 ft. Flat heads of bright scarlet blooms, borne on stout, leafy stems. July, August.
- L. viscaria flore-pleno. Campion. Double rose-pink flowers in June and July.
- †NEPETA mussini. Catnip. 12 in. Spreading plant with masses of light blue flowers in May and June.
- drops. 2 ft. Large lemon-yellow flowers all summer. 35 ets. each, \$3.50 per doz.
- PACHYSANDRA terminalis. Japanese Spurge. An evergreen ground-cover with dark green leaves and white flowers. Valuable for planting in the shade where grass will not grow. Field-grown, medium plants, \$1.50 for 10, \$12 per 100; field-grown, strong plants, \$2 for 10, \$15 per 100.

#### PÆONIA · Peony

- One of the most satisfactory of the perennials. Immense, double flowers in all eolors. Choice varieties. June.
- Aurora. Attractive salmon-white.
- Gloire de Charles Gombault. Outer petals flesh-pink with elear salmon eenter.
- Linne. Very large, bright, deep pink
- Mme. Emile Lemoine. Among the finest of all whites.
- Monsieur Krelage. Large, full llower of deep wine-red; very fragrant.
- Officinalis rubra. Rich deep erimson. A very fine variety.
- Officinalis rosea. Rieh pink.
- Pomponette. Very fine; lilac-rose.
- All Peonies, medium-sized plants, 75 cts. each, \$6 for 10; large plants, \$1 each, \$7.50 for 10; mixed colors, 60 cts. each, \$5 for 10.
- †PLUMBAGO larpentæ. Leadwort. 6 to 8 in. Spreading masses of deep blue flowers all summer and fall.



#### PHLOX

During the dry, hot summer weather, when vegetation looks its worst, these plants can be depended on to brighten the garden with their brilliant colors, ranging from white to rich crimson.

30 cts. each, \$1 for 4, \$2.50 per doz., except where noted. Larger size clumps, 40 cts. each, \$4 per doz.

**Africa.** Brilliant carmine-red with blood-red eye. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per

B. Comte. Rich satiny purple-red

flowers. Tall grower.

Beacon. Bright cherry-red. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.



Chrysanthemum, Indian Summer. See page 27

#### PHLOX, continued

Columbia. Plant Patent No. 118. A wonderful new introduction. Soft cameo-pink blooms in great profusion. Not subject to mildew and very hardy. 40 cts. each, \$1.10 for 3, \$3.30 per doz.

Coquelicot. Brilliant orange-scarlet with a crimson-red eye.

East Hampton. Salmon-pink; large trusses

Elizabeth Campbell. Bright salmon-

Feuerbrand. Large; bright red.

General Van Heutz. Salmon-red with grayish eye.

Marechal French. Deep

Mrs. Jenkins. Pure white. Peach Blow. Delicate pink.

†PHLOX subulata atropurpurea. Bright purplered. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

†P. subulata rosea, and alba. Moss Pinks. Creeping varieties with moss-like, evergreen foliage, covered with pink and white flowers in spring.

PHYSOSTEGIA virginica, Vivid. False Dragonbead. 1½ to 2 ft. A much-improved variety. Vivid pink flowers in summer and fall. 35 ets. each, \$3.50 per doz.

PLATYCODON grandiflorum. Balloon Flower. 2 ft. Balloon-shaped, violet-blue blooms. July to Sept.

†POTENTILLA multifida. Cinquefoil. Low plant, fine for rockery, with rich orange flowers all summer.

†PRIMULA vulgaris. English Primrose. 6 to 9 in. Bright lemon-yellow flowers in April and May.

†P. veris. Cowslip. 6 to 9 in. Large flowers in elusters in shades of orange, cream, rose, purple, pink, etc., in April and May.

Both of above varieties are excellent for massing in borders or can be used to dress off broadleaf plantings. Price of above two varieties: 30 ets. each, \$3 per doz., \$20 per 100.

PYRETHRUM hybridum. Persian or Painted Daisy. 2 ft. Red, pink, and white, Daisy-like blooms. Single or double. May to July.

†RANUNCULUS. Buttercup. 1 ft. A pretty, double-flowering bright golden yellow flower in May and June.

SCABIOSA caucasica. Blue Bonnet. 3 ft. Valuable for cutting. Soft lavender-blue. 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz.

**†SEDUM acre.** Golden Stonecrop. 2 to 3 in. Profusion of yellow flowers in June and July. Cactus-like foliage. Fine for rockery.

†S. album. White Stonecrop. 2 to 3 in. Solid masses of white flowers. †S. coccineum. Pink Stonecrop. 4 to 5 in. Beautiful rosy pink flowers.

†S. sarmentosum. Stringy Stonecrop. 6 in. Rapid-growing. May and July. †S. spectabile. Showy Sedum. 1 ft. Large, flat heads of pink flowers. August, September.

†SEMPERVIVUM. House-leek. 4 to 6 in. Evergreen succulents which increase by rosettes. Ideal for rockery.

SHASTA DAISY. See Chrysanthemums, page 27.

STATICE latifolia. Great Sea Lavender. Immense, candelabra-like heads of minute, purplish blue flowers in July and August.

**†STOKESIA.** Cornflower Aster.  $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. Large lavender-blue flowers from July until October.

## BULK'S PERENNIALS ARE STRONG PLANTS WITH GOOD ROOTS

THYMUS citriodorus. Creeping Thyme. 4 in. Excellent for rock-garden. Foliage has a strong lemon

†T. coccineus. Creeping Thyme. 3 to 4 in. Creeping; dark green foliage. Blooms June and July.

†TUNICA saxifraga. Tunic Flower. 6 in. Minute, dark green foliage; pink flowers. July to September.

VALERIANA officinalis. Hardy Garden Heliotrope. 3 ft. Beautiful, fragrant, light pink and white flowers. June, July.

VERONICA longifolia subsessilis. Speedwell. Beautiful blue-studded flower-spikes from July to September. 30 ets. each, \$3 per doz.

V., Blue Spire. Speedwell. (New.) 2 ft. A hybrid of V. longifolia sub-sessilis and V. spicata. Intense dark blue flower-spikes. Blooms freely from July to September. 35 ets. each, \$3.50 per doz.

†V. repens. Creeping Speedwell. 2 to 4 in. Low, trailing plant with blue flowers; carpet effect. May.

†VINCA minor. Myrtle. A familiar evergreen creeper with small blue flowers. Splendid ground-cover. \$1.50 for 10, \$12 per 100.

V. minor, Bowles' Variety. (New.) A much-improved variety of the above. Foliage is larger and the eolor is rich glossy green. Great profusion of deep blue flowers.

†VIOLA, Jersey Gem. Rich, slightly fragrant violet flowers all summer. 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz.

†V. odorata (Governor Herrick Violet). Large flowers in rich shade of blue. Does well in shade.



Chrysanthemum, White Swan. See page 27



Primula vulgaris. See page 28



Aquilegia, Long-spurred. See page 26

### PERENNIAL COLLECTION

Strong Field-grown Plants

A COLLECTION of 3 plants each of 10 varieties, which will furnish flowers from early spring until frost (30 in all) for

\$5.50 (Regular Price \$7.50) \$5.50

Armeria. Pink. May, June. Coreopsis. Yellow. All summer. Gaillardia. Orange-red. All summer. Liatris. Purple. Midsummer. Lychnis chalcedonica. Scarlet. July, August.

Painted Daisy, Mixed. May to July. Phlox, B. Comte. Red. Summer. Platycodon. Blue. July to September. Siberian Iris. Blue. June, July. Statice. Blue. July, August.

### ROCK-GARDEN COLLECTION

30 fine, low-growing Perennials for Rock-Gardens

Regular Price \$7.85

3 Campanula carpatica. Blue. Summer.

4 Dianthus plumarius. Pink. Midsummer.

3 Nepeta mussini. Blue. May, June.

3 Phlox subulata. Pink. April,

3 Potentilla. Orange. Summer.

3 Sedum album. White. May to July.

3 Sempervivum. Rosette of green. September, October. Snow-in-Summer. White.

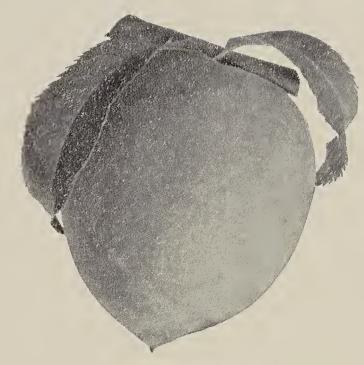
May, June.

3 Thymus coccineus. Purple. June, July.

3 Veronica repens. Blue. May.



Aster Frikarti. See page 26



## APPLES EARLY VARIETIES

Red Astrachan. Red. July, August. Yellow Transparent. Yellow. July, August.

AUTUMN VARIETY

McIntosh. Rcd. November to February.

#### WINTER VARIETIES

Baldwin. Red. January to April.
Delicious. Yellow and red. November to January.
Rhode Island Greening. Greenish yellow. December to April.
Hyslop Crab. Large, dark crimson.

_ ·			
Prices of all Apples:		Εε	ach
2-yr		.\$1	50
3-yr		. 2	-00
4-yr		. 3	50
5 and 6-yr		. 5	00
8 to 10 ft., 6 to 8-yr\$6			
Larger trees \$12	to	45	00

## FRUIT AND NUT TREES

FRUITS

In the extremities of the lawn or upon the adjoining lot, plant fruit trees. They will bountifully reward you in the fruit they yield, which you will see or in winter as preserves and jam. The fruit-

enjoy eating right from the trees or in winter as preserves and jam. The fruitgarden can easily be made a part of the scheme for beautifying your property. Flowers along the walk to the orchard will brighten the way and provide blooms for cutting.

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Kieffer. Late.	
Clapp's Favorite. Early.	
Seckel. Late.	Each
2-yr	. \$1 50
3-yr	
4-yr	. 3 50
5 and 6-yr	. 5 00

#### **PEACHES**

Belle of Georgia. Early; white; freestone.

Crawford Late. Late; yellow; free-stone.

Elberta. Early; yellow; very popular freestone.

Any of the above varieties:	Each					
1-yr		\$0	75			
2-yr., strong		1	25			
3 to 4-yr., extra strong		2	50			

#### CHERRIES

Black Early I												Ea	.ch
2-yr. 3-yr.													
4-yr.													

#### PLUMS

Burbank.	Cherry-red.	Each
2-yr		\$1 50
3-yr		2 00
4-yr	• > > > > > > > > > > > + • • • • • • •	. 3 50

#### RHUBARB

Linnæus. 35 cts. each, \$3 for 10.

#### QUINCES

Orange.															Еa	ch
2 and		,	,	,			,	,	,			,			\$1	50
3 and	4-yr.	,	,		,		,		,	,	,	,			2	00

#### **CURRANTS**

**Red and White.** 30c. cach, \$2.50 for 10; extra large, 50c. each, \$4.50 for 10.

#### **GRAPES**

#### **GOOSEBERRIES**

These two varieties are recognized as the standards.

Downing. Green. Houghton. Red. Both, 35c. each, \$3 for 10; extra large, 60c. each, \$5 for 10.

#### RASPBERRIES

St. Regis Everbearing. Require very little attention and supply plenty of delicious berries. 15c. each, \$1.25 for 10; extra strong, 25c. each, \$2 for 10.

#### **BLACKBERRIES**

Eldorado. One of the best early to midseason sorts. 15c. each, \$1.25 for 10; extra strong, 25c. each, \$2 for 10.

Spraying of Fruit Trees. For best results we recommend three sprayings: First, during the winter; second, after the blossoms fall; and, third, about two weeks later. This will control the most prevalent insects and fungous diseases attacking fruit trees on Long Island. We have men experienced in this kind of work who are available at a moderate cost.

Set out a few Nut Trees. They make splendid ornamental trees and yield a bountiful harvest of nuts. We are offering only improved varieties, best suited to Long Island conditions. Grafted trees. CHESTNUT, Chinese Hairy. Blight-resistant. Wonderful ornamental value. Nuts resemble American Sweet Chestnut. ...\$2 50 | 6 to 8 ft.....\$3 50 FILBERT. European Hazelnut. Small bushy tree. Bears early. Each 6 to 8 ft.....\$3 00 HEARTNUT. A hybrid from Japanese Walnut. Rapid, luxuriant growth; early and prolific bearing. 5 to 6 ft.....\$3 75 | 6 to 8 ft.....\$5 00 PECAN, Busseron. Northern Pecan. As hardy as the hiekory tree. Large nuts of excellent quality. 5 to 6 ft....\$3 50 | 6 to 8 ft.....\$5 00 AMERICAN BLACK WALNUT, Thomas. A strong, fast-growing tree. Nuts are large and husk easily. 6 to 8 ft.....



## LAWN SEED AND FERTILIZERS

\*BULK'S CHOICE LAWN SEED. A choice mixture containing Creeping Bent and other high-quality grasses. This mixture has been prepared especially for Long Island soil and weather conditions. 5 lbs. \$3, 10 lbs. \$5.50, 100 lbs. \$45.

\*SUNNYSIDE LAWN SEED. A specially prepared mixture containing durable grasses in good proportion 5 lbs. \$2, 10 lbs. \$3.50, 100 lbs. \$30.

\*BONEMEAL. 100 lbs. \$3.50.

\*SHEEP MANURE. 100 lbs. \$3.25.

\*PLANTSPUR SHEEP MANURE. 10 lbs. 75 cts., 25 lbs. \$1.50.

\*IRREGULAR FLAGSTONE for WALKS. In colors. 30 cts. per sq. ft., \$25 per 100 sq. ft.

\*IMPROVED GRANULATED PEAT MOSS (Atkins & Durbrow, GPM Brand). For mulching and as general soil-improver. (20 bushels per bale.) \$3.75 per bale, \$35 for 10 bales.

\$35 for 10 bales. \*TUFA ROCK. (Porous.) For rock-gardens. 100 lbs. \$3,

1000 lbs. \$20, ton \$35

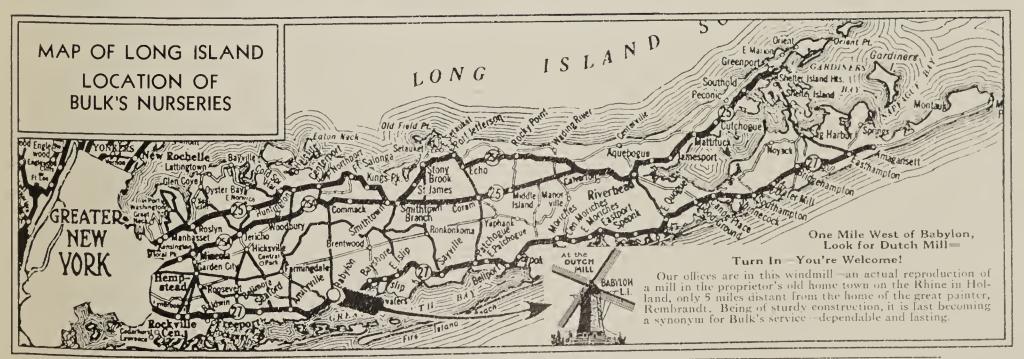
\*WOODRUFF'S GRO-SOD. (Organic base 10-6-4 fertilizer.) Apply this to your lawn each spring and fall and your grass will be much improved. \$6 per 100 lbs.

\*ARSENATE OF LEAD. 4-lb. bag \$1.

\*TRI-OGEN. A garden spray that affords definite protection against almost all garden insects and fungous disorders. Small kit \$1.50.

\*BORERKILL. An effective treatment for tree borers. Tube, with injector, 60 ets.

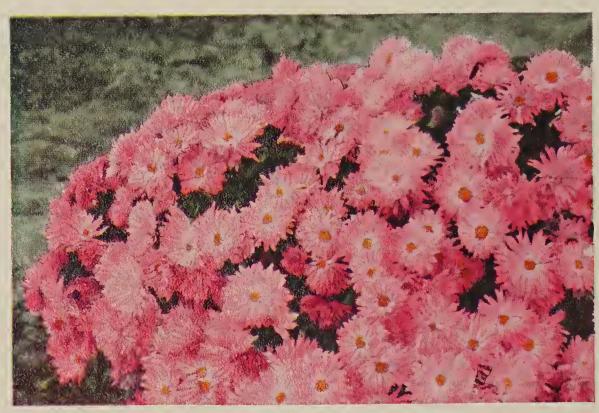
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Bridal Wreath 13	Cypress 18–20	Holly-Grape16	Mulberry	Rhubarb30	Weigela14
Buddleia10	Daisies 28	Hollyhoek26	Myriea	Rock-Cress	Willow 8
Burning-bush16	Daphne	Honeysuckle12, 25	Marito 17 20	Rose of Sharon	Winterberry11
Buttereup28	Delphinium 27	Hosta	Myrtle	Roses24, 25, 32	Wisteria
Butterfly Bush10	Deutzia	House-leck 28	Nepeta27	Salix 8	Witelihazel
Butterflyweed 26	Dianthus27	Hydrangea	Nincbark 13	Cally	
Buxus	Dielytra 27	Iberis27	Nyssa 7	Seabiosa28	Yew





#### ROME GLORY. (Aicardi, 1937)

A cross of Dame Edith Helen and Sensation. This Rose was bred with the objective of raising a red Dame Edith Helen and the objective has been reached. A most robust and vigorous plant, much more winter-hardy than most Hybrid Teas, producing in quick succession long stems bearing large crimson-red buds, opening into full, well-formed, fragrant, cerise-red blooms. The flowers are long-lasting on the plant or when cut and are not affected by dry or wet weather.

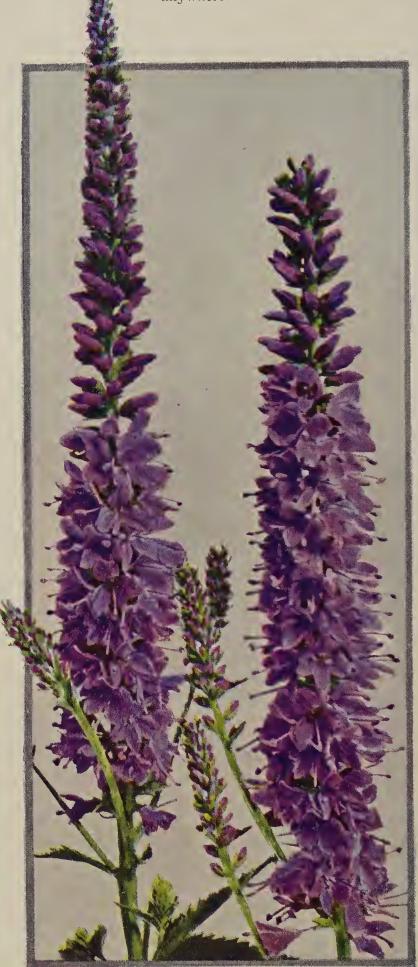


CHRYSANTHEMUM · Pink Cushion

Perfect mounds about a foot high and 3 to 4 feet across are covered for weeks in late summer and early fall with semi-double flowers of deep pink. 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz.

## THREE BULK SPECIALTIES

Pictured here are three of the finest garden plants to be found anywhere.



#### VERONICA · Blue Spire

A splendid addition to the Veronica family. It is a cross of *V. longifolia subsessilis* and *V. spicata*, retaining the good qualities of each. The bushy plants put up a number of bloom-stems, each ending in the lovely spikes of dccp blue flowers shown above. The plants grow about 2 feet tall and are attractive at all times, as the stems carry foliage right up to the flowers. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

BULK'S NURSERIES, Babylon, Long Island, N. Y.